

METHODIST GIRLS' SCHOOL (PRIMARY)

Founded in 1887



PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2018 PRIMARY 6 MATHEMATICS

PAPER 1 (BOOKLET A)

Total Time for Booklets A and B : 1 hour

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Do not turn over this page until you are told to do so.
Follow all instructions carefully.

Answer all questions.

Shade your answers in the Optical Answer Sheet (OAS)
provided.

The use of calculators is not allowed.

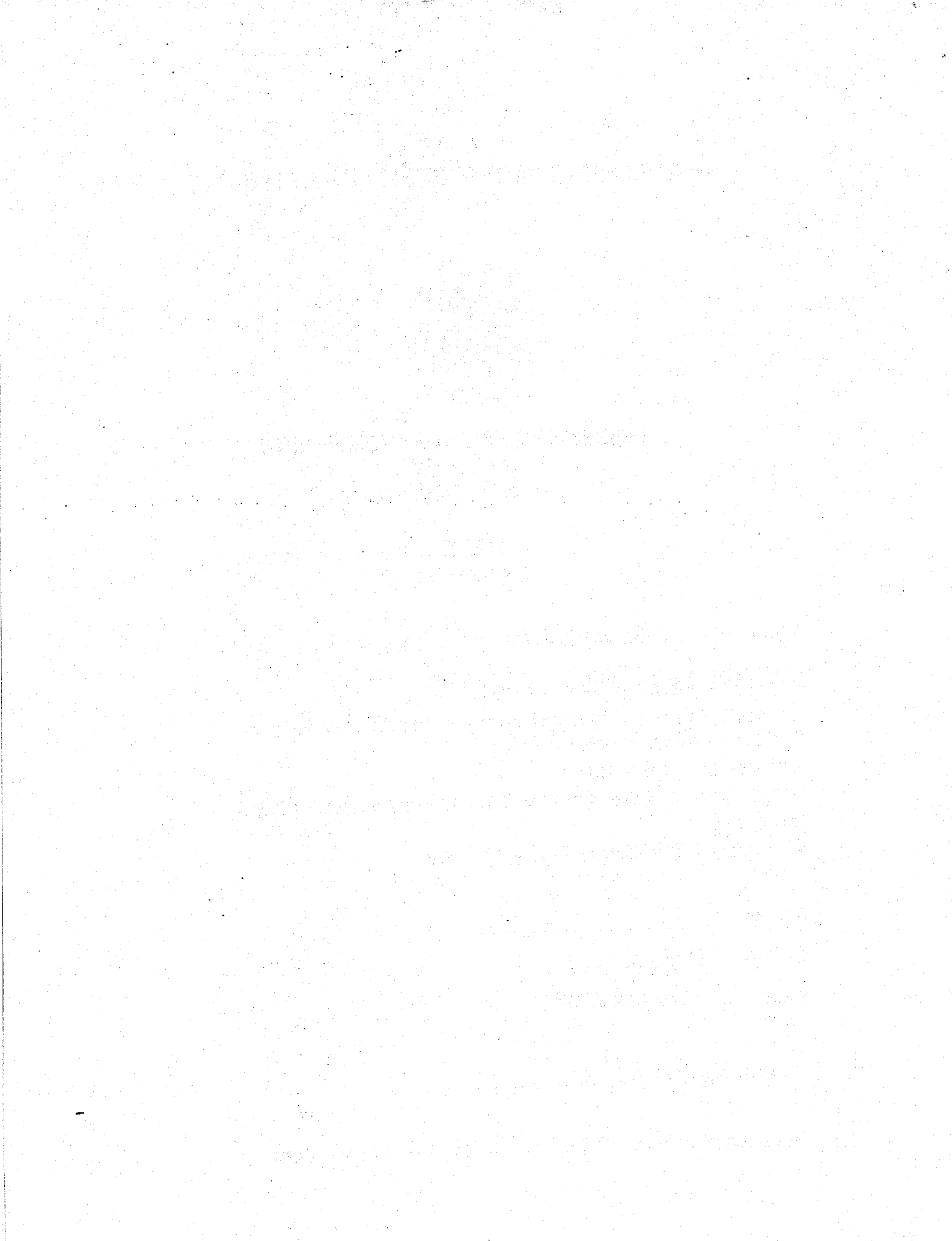
Name: _____ ()

Class: Primary 6. _____

Date: 2 August 2018

Parent's Signature : _____

This booklet consists of 8 printed pages including this page



Questions 1 to 10 carry 1 mark each. Questions 11 to 15 carry 2 marks each. For each question, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4). Shade the correct oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet. (20 marks)

1. Round 538 527 to the nearest ten thousands.

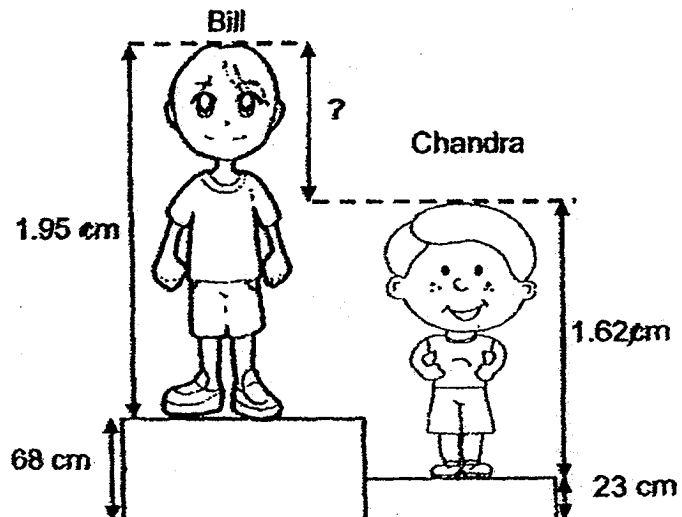
- (1) 530 000
- (2) 538 000
- (3) 539 000
- (4) 540 000

2. The mass of a sack of potatoes is 5.45 kg. Find the mass of 30 such sacks of potatoes.

- (1) 16.35 kg
- (2) 54.5 kg
- (3) 163.5 kg
- (4) 545 kg

3. Bill and Chandra are standing on the podium. What is the distance between the top of Bill's head and the top of Chandra's head?

- (1) 33 cm
- (2) 45 cm
- (3) 78 cm
- (4) 91 cm



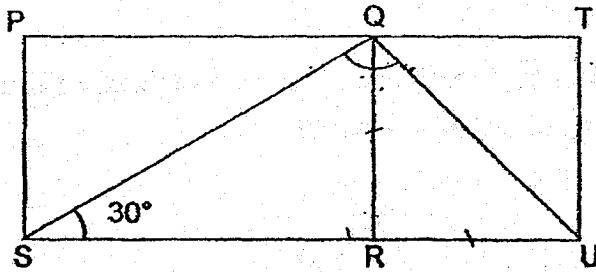
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4. The table shows the total number of cars sold by Mr Tan, a car dealer, from January to April.

Month	No. of cars sold
Jan	0
Feb	17
Mar	29
Apr	62

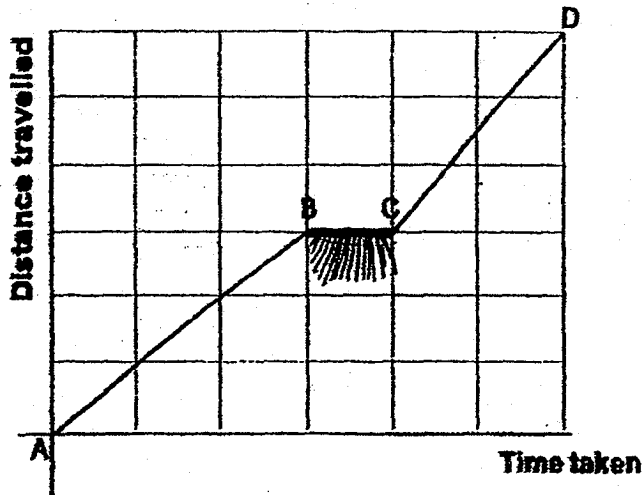
What was his average number of cars sold per month?

- (1) 23
 (2) 27
 (3) 36
 (4) 108
5. In the figure below, PQRS is a rectangle and QTUR is a square. PQT and SRU are straight lines. Find $\angle SQU$.

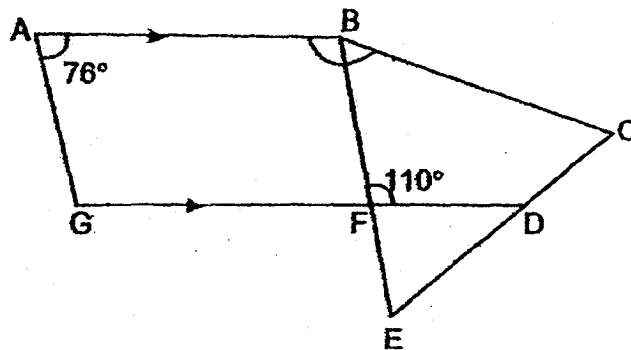


- (1) 45°
 (2) 60°
 (3) 90°
 (4) 105°

6. The distance-time graph shows the journey taken by Mr Lim from Town A to Town D. Which statement describes the graph?

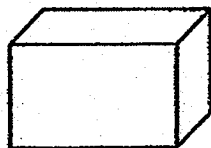


- (1) He travelled at the same speed from Point B to Point C.
 (2) He travelled at the same speed from Point A to Point D.
 (3) His speed from Point A to Point B is faster than his speed from Point C to Point D.
 (4) His speed from Point A to Point B is slower than his speed from Point C to Point D.
7. In the diagram below, ABFG is a trapezium and BCE is an equilateral triangle. AB // GF and GFD is a straight line. Find $\angle ABC$.



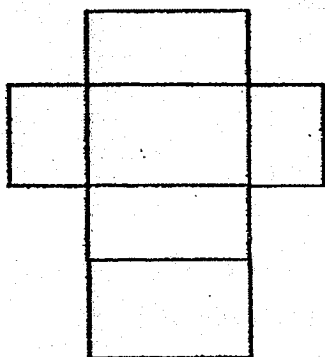
- (1) 104°
 (2) 164°
 (3) 170°
 (4) 186°

8.

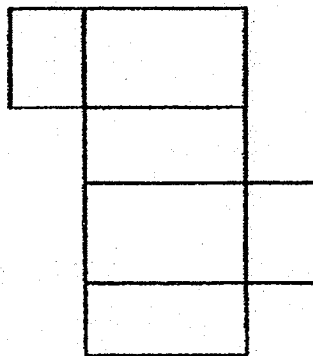


Which one of these figures could not be a net of the cuboid?

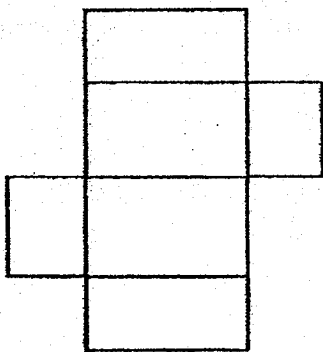
(1)



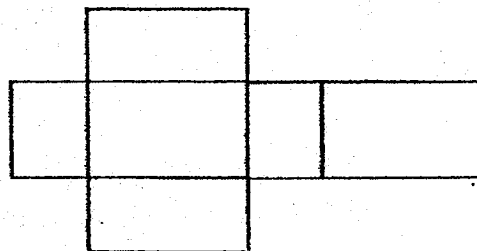
(2)



(3)



(4)



9. Simplify $9y + 7 - 5y + y - 3 + 2$.

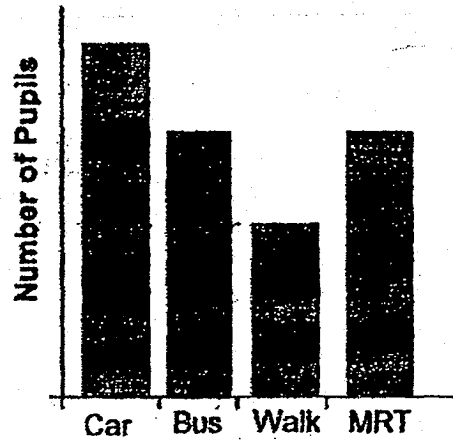
(1) $3y + 2$

(2) $3y + 6$

(3) $5y + 2$

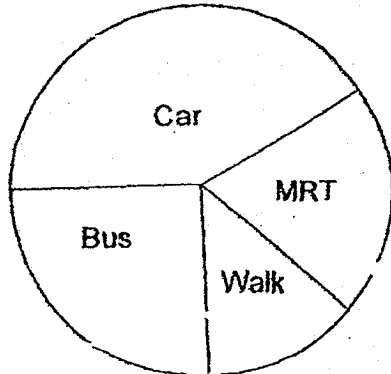
(4) $5y + 6$

10. The bar graph shows how pupils of Champion Primary School went to school on a certain day.

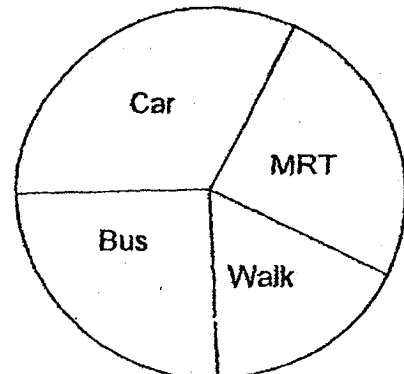


Which pie chart represents the information given in the bar graph?

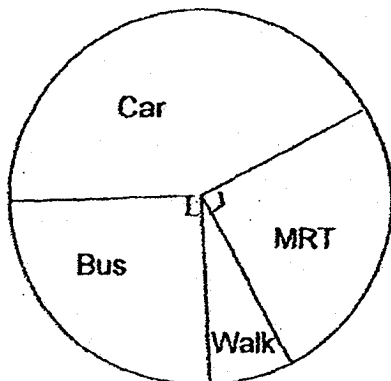
(1)



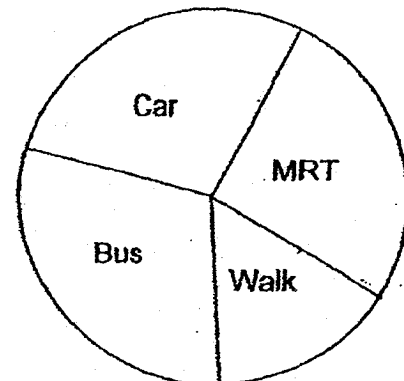
(2)



(3)



(4)



11. Mr Tan bought a total of 300 red and black beads in separate boxes. All the boxes of red beads had the same number of beads. All the boxes of black beads had 70 beads in each box. Which one of the following could not be the number of red beads in a box?

- (1) 30
- (2) 32
- (3) 36
- (4) 45

12. In a box, $\frac{4}{9}$ of the fruits are apples and the rest are pears. $\frac{2}{3}$ of the apples are red and the rest are green. There are 24 green apples. How many pears are there in the box?

- (1) 40
- (2) 72
- (3) 90
- (4) 162

13. Lee Min donated 30% of her savings and still had \$210 of her savings left. How much money did she donate?

- (1) \$63
- (2) \$90
- (3) \$120
- (4) \$147

14. The letter x represents a number between 4 and 6. Which of the following algebraic expression has the largest value?

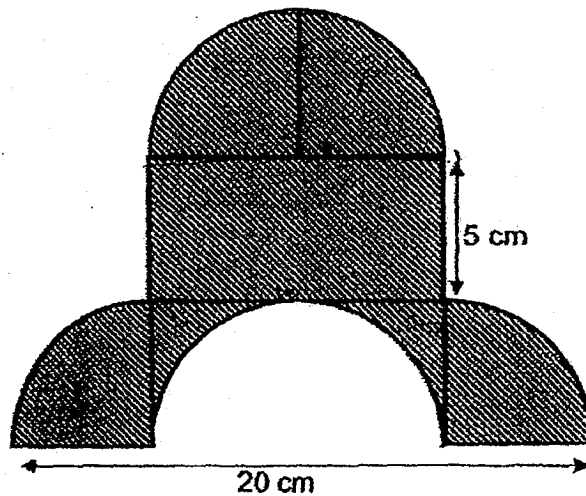
(1) $\frac{x+6}{x}$

(2) $\frac{x+6}{6}$

(3) $\frac{6-x}{x}$

(4) $\frac{6-x}{6}$

15.



The figure above is formed by 4 identical quarter circles, 1 semicircle and 1 rectangle. Find the area of the shaded figure.

Leave your answer in terms of π .

(1) $(12\frac{1}{2}\pi + 100) \text{ cm}^2$

(2) $(25\pi + 50) \text{ cm}^2$

(3) $(25\pi + 150) \text{ cm}^2$

(4) $(50\pi + 50) \text{ cm}^2$

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PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2018 PRIMARY 6 MATHEMATICS

PAPER 1 (BOOKLET B)

Total Time for Booklets A and B : 1 hour

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Do not turn over this page until you are told to do so.

Follow all instructions carefully.

Answer all questions.

Write your answers in this booklet.

The use of calculators is not allowed.

Name: _____ ()

Class: Primary 6. _____

Date: 2 August 2018

Parent's Signature : _____

Paper 1 Booklet A	/ 20
Paper 1 Booklet B	/ 25
Paper 2	/ 55
TOTAL	/ 100

This booklet consists of 9 printed pages including this page

Questions 16 to 20 carry 1 mark each. Write your answers in the spaces provided.
For questions which require units, give your answers in the units stated.

(5 marks)

Do not write
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16. Find the value of $15.3 - 9.04$.

Ans : _____

17. Find the value of 147×80 .

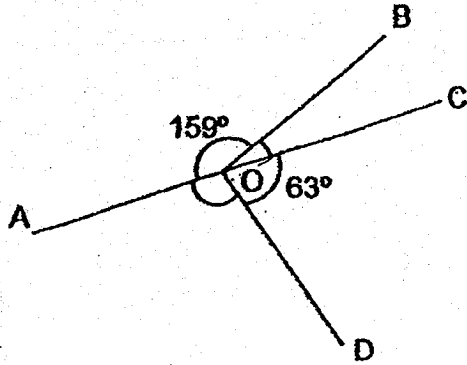
Ans : _____

18. $a : b = 7 : 4$ and $b : c = 6 : 7$ What is the ratio of $a : c$?
Give your answer in the simplest form.

Ans : _____

(Go on to the next page)

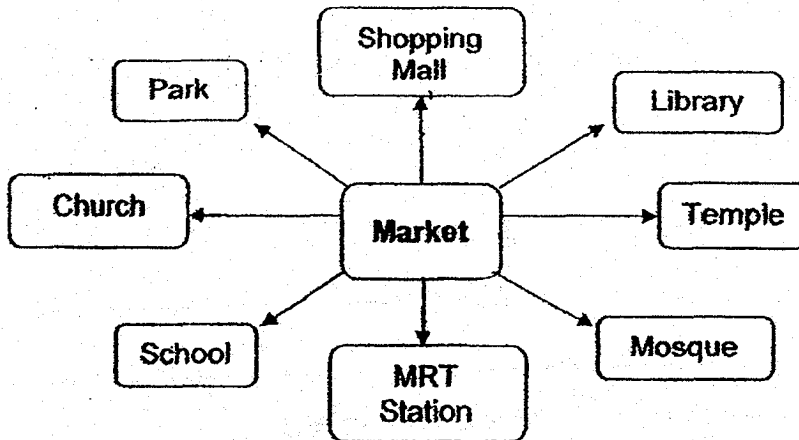
19. In the figure below, AOC is a straight line. $\angle AOB = 159^\circ$ and $\angle COD = 63^\circ$. What is the sum of $\angle AOD$ and $\angle BOC$?



Do not write in this space

Ans : _____ °

20. Mrs Lim was at the market. After she turned 225° anti-clockwise, she is now facing the park. Where was she facing at first?



Ans : _____

Questions 20 to 30 carry 2 marks each. Show your working clearly and write your answers in the spaces provided. For questions which require units, give your answers in the units stated.

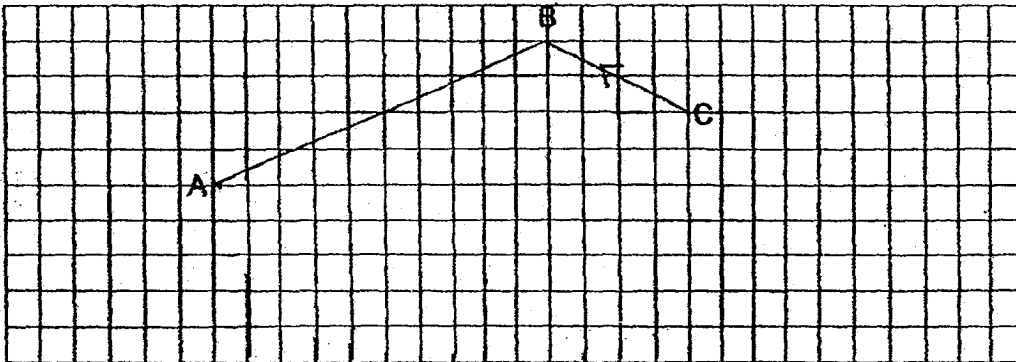
(20 marks)

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21. Eileen prepared $\frac{6}{7}$ litres of apple juice for some friends. She poured the juice into cups of $\frac{1}{5}$ litres each. How much apple juice was left? Give your answer as a fraction in the simplest form.

Ans : _____ l

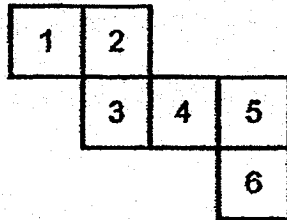
22. AB and BC are two sides of a trapezium. $BC \parallel AD$ and the length of BC and AD are in the ratio of 2:3. Complete the trapezium by drawing the other two sides in the square grid and label it. Measure the length of CD.



Ans: CD = _____ cm

(Go on to the next page)

23. The diagram shows the net of a cube. The cube is placed with Face "2" at the bottom of the cube. Which face is at the top of the cube?



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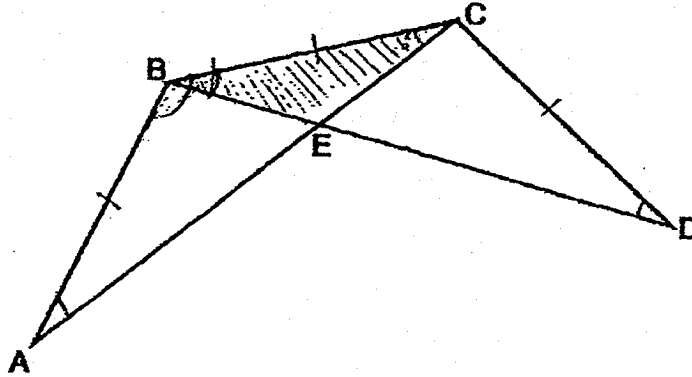
Ans : Face _____

24. Janette took 15 minutes to cycle from her house to the library. She travelled 850 m. Find Janette's speed in km/h.

Ans : _____ km/h

25. In the figure below, AEC and BED are straight lines. $AB = BC = CD$.

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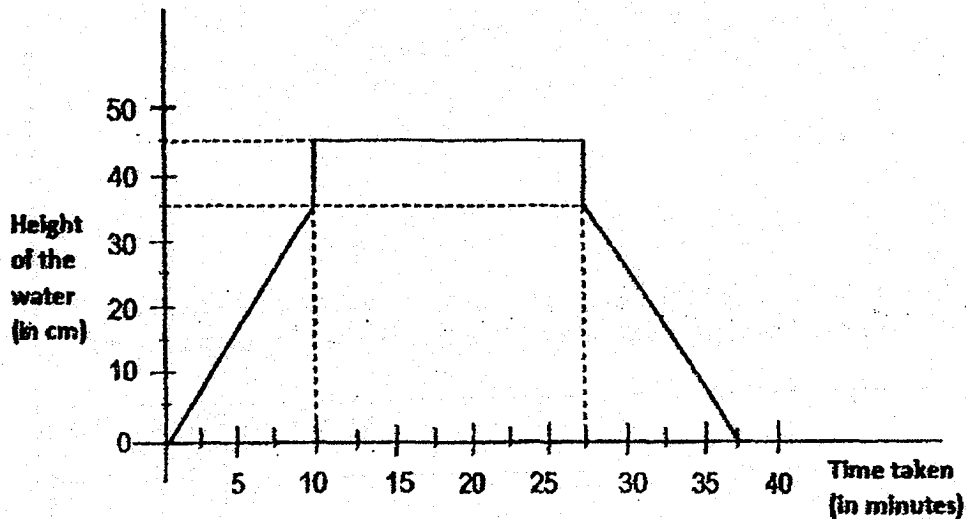
Each statement below is true, false or not possible to tell from the information given. For each statement, put a tick (✓) in the correct column.

Statement	True	False	Impossible to Tell
Area of Figure ABCDE = Area of $\triangle ABC$ + Area of $\triangle BCD$ - Area of $\triangle BCE$			
$\angle BAC = \angle CDB$			



26. The graph below shows the height of water in a bathtub at different times of Sally's bathing activity. The height of the bathtub was 50 cm. She switched on the tap to fill the bathtub. She switched off the tap and stepped into the tub. After her bath, she stepped out of the bathtub and drained the water.

Do not write
in this space



- (a) What fraction of the height of the bathtub was filled with water when Sally switched off the tap? Give your answer in the simplest form.
- (b) How long did Sally stay in the bathtub?

Ans : (a) _____

(b) _____ min

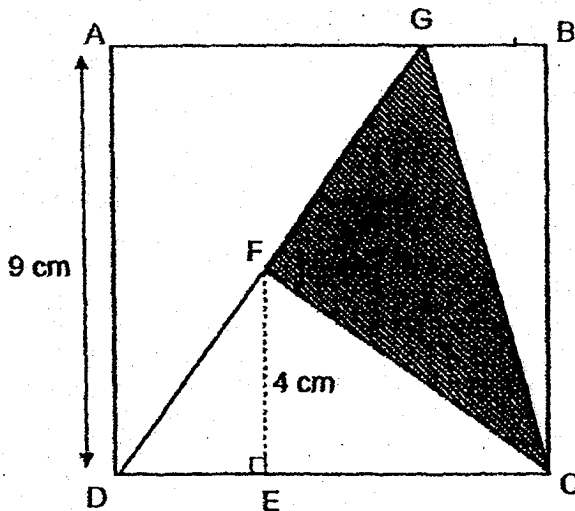


27. The pupils in a room are divided equally into Group A and Group B. The ratio of the number of boys to the number of girls in Group A is 2 : 3 and in Group B is 1 : 2. What is the ratio of the total number of girls to the total number of pupils in the room?

Do not write
in this space

Ans : _____

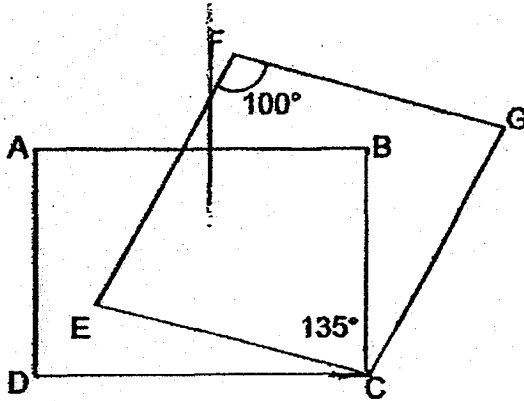
28. The figure below is formed by a square ABCD and a triangle DGC. AD = 9 cm, EF = 4 cm and FC is a straight line. Find the area of the shaded part.



Ans : _____ cm²

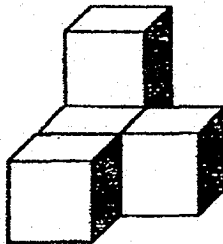
29. In the figure, ABCD is a rectangle and CEFG is a rhombus. $\angle EFG = 100^\circ$ and $\angle DCG = 135^\circ$. Find $\angle BCE$.

Do not write in this space



Ans: _____

30. The solid below is made up of 5 identical cubes. The solid has a volume of 40 cm^3 . How many more cubes have to be added to the solid to form a bigger cube with a volume of 216 cm^3 .



Ans : _____

METHODIST GIRLS' SCHOOL (PRIMARY)

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PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2018 PRIMARY 6 MATHEMATICS

PAPER 2

Duration: 1h 30 min

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Do not turn over this page until you are told to do so.

Follow all instructions carefully.

Answer all questions.

Write your answers in this booklet.

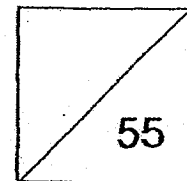
The use of an approved calculator is expected, where appropriate.

Name: _____ ()

Class: Primary 6. _____

Date: 2 Aug 2018

Parent's Signature : _____



This booklet consists of 13 printed pages including this page.

Questions 1 to 5 carry 2 marks each. Show your working clearly and write your answers in the spaces provided. For questions which require units, give your answers in the units stated. (10 marks)

Do not write in this space

- 1 The table below shows the number of television sets owned per flat in a housing estate.

Number of television sets owned per flat	1	2	3	4
Number of flats	135	540	297	108

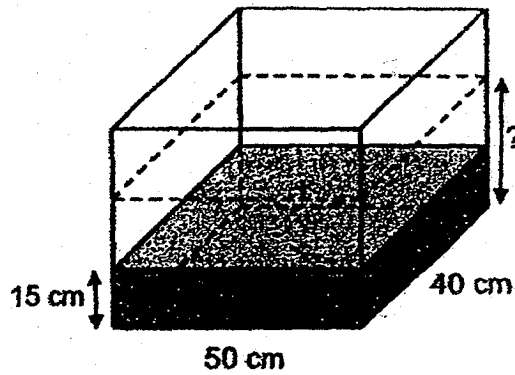
- (a) How many television sets are owned by the flats in the housing estate?
(b) What percentage of flats owned at least two television sets?

Ans : (a) _____ [1]

(b) _____ [1]



- 2 A rectangular tank 50 cm long and 40 cm wide was filled partially with water. 12 litres of water were poured out of the tank. The height of the water became 15 cm. What was the height of the water at first?



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space

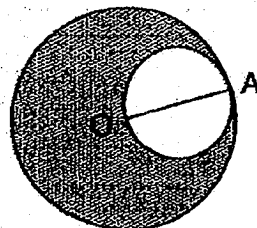
Ans : _____ cm

- 3 Nazri had some marbles. He gave $\frac{2}{5}$ of them to his classmates and $\frac{1}{3}$ of the remainder to his brother. He then had 38 marbles left. How many marbles did he give to his brother?

Ans : _____

- 4 O is the centre of the large circle and AO is the diameter of the small circle. The diameter of the large circle is 2 times the diameter of the small circle. The circumferences of the big and small circles meet each other at point A. The perimeter of the shaded figure is 30π cm, what is the diameter of the small circle?

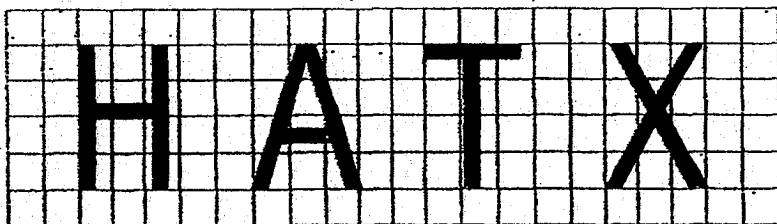
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Ans : _____ cm



- 5 Look at the letters in the square grid below.



Write each letter once in the table below based on the description for each row or column.

	Have 1 line of symmetry	Have 2 lines of symmetry
Description		
Have perpendicular lines		
Have no perpendicular lines		



For Questions 6 to 17, show your working clearly and write your answers in the spaces provided. The number of marks available is shown in brackets [] at the end of each question or part-question. (45 marks)

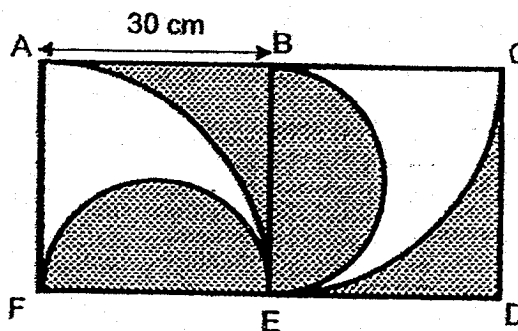
Do not write in this space

- 6 Siti bought n notebooks and 3 times as many files. She paid a total of \$160 for the notebooks and files. The notebooks cost \$25 more than the files. If $n = 5$, what was the cost of each file?

Ans: _____ [3]



- 7 The shaded figure below is formed by semicircles, quarter circles and squares. ABEF is a square. What is the area of the shaded region? ($\pi = 3.14$)

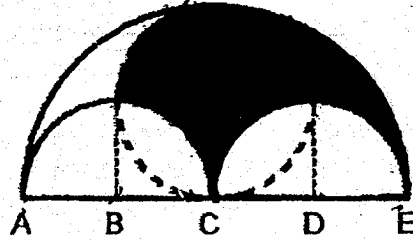


Ans: _____ [3]



- 8 The figure shows three semicircles and a circle. $AB = BC = CD = DE = 5$ cm, find the perimeter of the shaded part. Give your answer in 2 decimal places.

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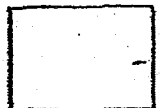


Ans: _____ [3]



- 9 Every time Mei Ling saves 60 cents, her mother puts another 30 cents into her savings. When Mei Ling had \$25.20 in her savings, how much of it had been put in by her mother?

Ans: _____ [3]



- 10 Peter set off from Town A towards Town B at 7.00 a.m. at a constant speed of 70 km/h. John set off from Town A towards Town B at 8.30 a.m. at a constant speed of 90 km/h. At what time did John manage to catch up with Peter on the road?

Do not write
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Ans: _____ [3]



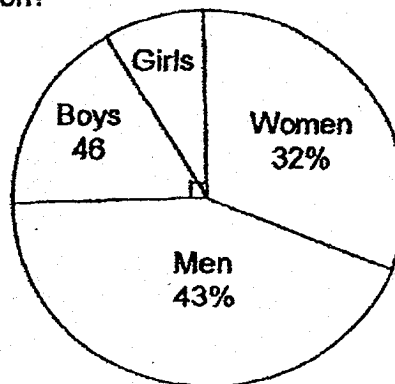
- 11 A group of children shared 533 stamps among themselves. $\frac{1}{2}$ of them received 4 stamps each, $\frac{5}{12}$ of them received 3 stamps each and the rest received 2 stamps each. How many children were there?

Ans: _____ [4]



- 12 The pie chart below shows the percentage of people who visited an exhibition. 25% of the people were children. There were 46 boys. There were 88 more women than girls.

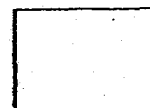
- (a) How many men were there?
(b) How many people visited the exhibition?



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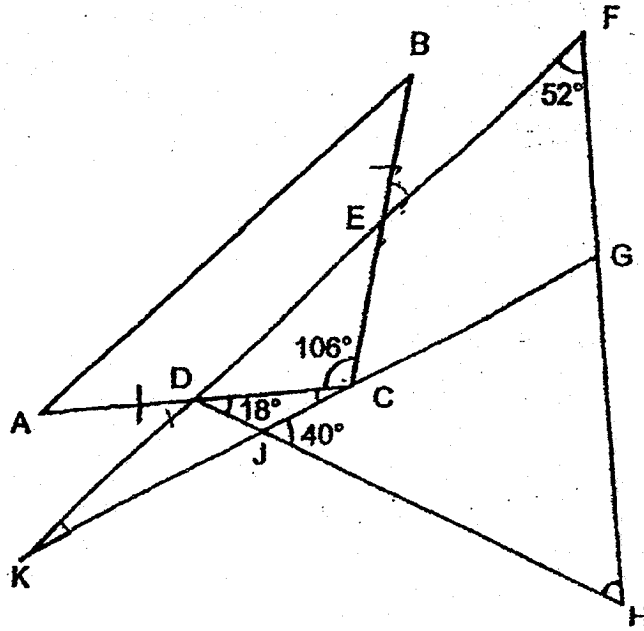
Ans : (a) _____ [3]

(b) _____ [1]



- 13 The figure below shows three overlapping triangles. ABC is an isosceles triangle and $AB \parallel FK$. $\angle ACB = 106^\circ$, $\angle CDH = 18^\circ$, $\angle KFH = 52^\circ$ and $\angle GJH = 40^\circ$. Find

- (a) $\angle FHD$.
 (b) $\angle FKG$.



Do not write
in this space

Ans : (a) _____ [3]
 (b) _____ [1]



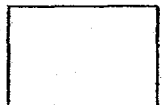
- 14 The total height of 3 men was 5.01 m. A fourth man joined the group and the average height decreased by 0.08 m. A fifth man joined the group and the average height then increased by 0.06 m.

- (a) What was the average height of the first three men?
(b) What was the height of the fifth man?

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in this space

Ans : (a) _____ [1]

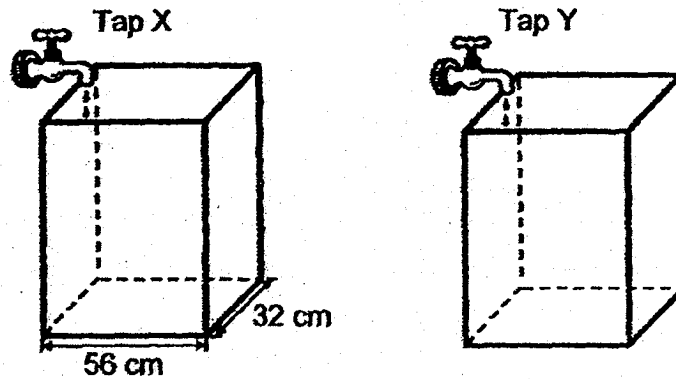
(b) _____ [3]



- 15 The figure below shows 2 identical tanks. Water from Tap X flowed at a rate of 2.8 litres per minute while water from Tap Y flowed at a rate of 3.2 litres per minute. Tap X was turned on at 10 a.m. Tap Y was turned on 2 minutes later. The taps were turned off at the same time when the water level in the 2 tanks reached the same height.

Do not write
in this space

- (a) At what time was the water level the same in both tanks?
(b) What was the height of the water level in both tanks in the end?



Ans: (a) _____ [3]
(b) _____ [2]



- 16 The figures which are made up of shaded and unshaded squares follow a pattern as shown below.

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Figure 1

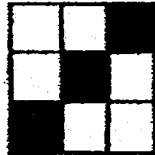


Figure 2

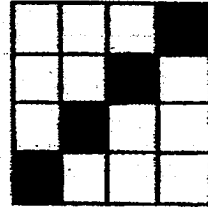


Figure 3

- (a) Find the number of shaded and unshaded squares in Figure 5.

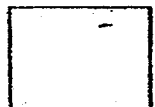
[1]

Figure Number	Number of shaded squares	Number of unshaded squares
1	2	2
2	3	6
3	4	12
4	5	20
5	i) _____	ii) _____

- (b) In which figure is there a total of 256 squares?
 (c) A figure in the pattern has a total of 529 shaded and unshaded squares. What is the number of shaded squares in the figure?

Ans: (b) _____ [1]

(c) _____ [2]



17

Computer sale1st computer at 20% discount2nd computer at 30% discount**Price of 2nd computer should be equal or lower than price of 1stDo not write
in this space

Mr Chan and Mr Tan each bought two computers during the Great Singapore Sale.

- (a) Mr Chan's computers were priced at \$1250 and \$2370, before 7% GST. How much did he pay in total, including GST?
- (b) Mr Tan paid a total of \$3445.40, including 7% GST. He paid \$449.40 more for the 1st computer than for the 2nd computer. What was the price of the 1st computer before discount?

Ans: (a) _____ [2]

Ans: (b) _____ [3]



END OF PAPER

ANSWER KEY

YEAR : 2018
LEVEL : PRIMARY 6
SCHOOL : METHODIST GIRLS' SCHOOL (PRIMARY)
SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS
TERM : PRELIMINARY EXAM

PAPER 1 BOOKLET A

Q1	4	Q2	3	Q3	3	Q4	2	Q5	4
Q6	4	Q7	3	Q8	3	Q9	4	Q10	2
Q11	3	Q12	3	Q13	2	Q14	1	Q15	1

PAPER 1 BOOKLET B

Q16) 6.26

Q17) 11 760

Q18) 3 : 2

Q19) 138°

Q20) MRT Station

Q21) $\frac{2}{35}$

Q22)



CD = 4.6 cm

Q23) Face 6

Q24) 3.4 km/h

Q25) Area of Figure ABCDE: True
 $\angle BAC = \angle CDB$: Impossible to tell

Q26a) $\frac{7}{10}$

Q26b) 17.5 min

Q27) 19 : 30

Q28) 22.5 cm^2

Q29) 55°

Q30) 22

PAPER 2

Q1a) $540 \times 2 = 1080$
 $297 \times 3 = 891$
 $108 \times 4 = 432$
 $1080 + 891 + 432 + 135 = \underline{2538}$

Q1b) $540 + 297 + 108 = 945$
 $945 + 135 = 1080$

$$\frac{945}{1080} \times 100 = \underline{87.5\%}$$

Q2) 12 litres = $12\,000 \text{ cm}^3$
 $12\,000 \text{ cm}^3 \div (50 \text{ cm} \times 40 \text{ cm}) = 6 \text{ cm}$
 $15 \text{ cm} + 6 \text{ cm} = \underline{21 \text{ cm}}$

Q3) $1 - \frac{2}{5} = \frac{3}{5}$

$$\frac{3}{5} = 3 \text{ units}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \text{ of } 3 \text{ units} = 1 \text{ unit}$$

$$2 \text{ units} = 38$$

$$1 \text{ unit} = 38 \div 2 \\ = \underline{19}$$

Q4) Perimeter of small circle = πd

$$\text{Perimeter of big circle} = \pi + 2d = 2\pi d$$

$$\text{Total perimeter of figure} = \pi d + 2\pi d \\ = 3\pi d - 30\pi$$

$$d = \underline{10\text{cm}}$$

Q5)

Description	Have 1 line of symmetry	Have 2 lines of symmetry
Have perpendicular lines	T	H
Have no perpendicular lines	A	X

Solutions to Word Problems
Methodist Paper 2
P6 Mathematics SA2 2018

Show your working clearly in the space provided for each question and write your answers in the spaces provided.

6. Total number of notebooks & files bought = $n + 3n = 4n$
Excess cost of notebooks = \$25
Cost of $4n$ files = $(160 - 25) \div 2 = \$67.5$
Number of notebooks and files bought = $3n = 3 \times 5 = 15$
Cost of each file = $67.5 \div 15 = \$4.50$

Ans: \$4.50

7. Radius of semi-circle = 15 cm
Area of 2 semi-circles = $\pi \times 15 \times 15 = 225\pi \text{ cm}^2$
Area of 2 quadrants = $\pi \times 30 \times 30 \times \frac{1}{2} = 450\pi \text{ cm}^2$
Area of shaded crescents = $60 \times 30 - 450\pi = 1800 - 450\pi \text{ cm}^2$
Area of shaded region = $225\pi + 1800 - 450\pi = 1800 - 225\pi = 1093.5 \text{ cm}^2$

Ans: 1093.5 cm^2

8. Diameter of small circle = 10 cm
Diameter of large circle = 20 cm
Perimeter of 4 quadrants of small circle = $\pi \times 10 = 10 \pi$ cm
Perimeter of 1 quadrants of large circle = $\pi \times 20 \times \frac{1}{4} = 5 \pi$ cm
Perimeter of shaded part = $10 \pi + 5 \pi = 15 \times 3.142 = 47.13$ cm

Ans: 47.13 cm

9. Ratio of Mei Ling's savings to her mother's contribution = 60 : 30 \rightarrow 2 : 1
 $\rightarrow 2u : 1u$
Total savings = $1u + 2u = 25.20$
 $3u = 25.20$
 $u = 25.20 \div 3 = 8.40$
Amount her mother put in = $1u = 1 \times 8.40 = \$8.40$

Ans: \$8.40

10. Let u = time in hours from 8.30 am

$$\text{Distance travelled by Peter in 1.5 hour} = 1.5 \times 70 = 105 \text{ km}$$

$$\text{Distance travelled by Peter} = 70 \times u = 70u$$

$$\text{Distance travelled by John} = 90u - 105$$

(8:30 is 1.5h after 7am)

When they met,

$$90u - 105 = 70u$$

$$20u = 105$$

$$u = 105 \div 20 = 5.25 \text{ hr} = 5 \text{ hr } 15 \text{ min after 8.30 am}$$

$$= 13.45 \text{ hr} = 1.45 \text{ pm}$$

Ans: 1.45 pm

11. Let number of children = $12u$

$$\text{Number of stamps of } \frac{1}{2} \text{ of them} = \frac{1}{2} \times 12u \times 4 = 24u$$

$$\text{Number of stamps of } \frac{5}{12} \text{ of them} = \frac{5}{12} \times 12u \times 3 = 15u$$

$$\text{Number of remaining children} = 12u - 6u - 5u = u$$

$$\text{Number of stamps of remaining children} = u \times 2 = 2u$$

$$\text{Total number of stamps} = 24u + 15u + 2u = 41u = 533$$

$$u = 533 \div 41 = 13$$

$$\text{Number of children} = 12 \times 13 = 156$$

Ans: 156 children

12. a)

Let total number of people who visited exhibition = $100u$

Number of boys + number of girls + number of women = $25u + 32u = 57u$

$46 + 2 \times \text{number of girls} + 88 = 57u$

$2 \times \text{number of girls} = 57u - 134$

$2 \times (25u - 46) = 57u - 134$ (Number of girls = 25% - 46)

$50u - 92 = 57u - 134$

$7u = 42$

$u = 6$

Number of men = $0.43 \times 100u = 43u = 43 \times 6 = 258$

b)

Total number of people = $100u = 100 \times 6 = 600$

Ans: (a) 258
(b) 600

13. a)

$\angle EDC = (180 - 106) \div 2 = 37^\circ$ (CDE is isosceles)

$\angle FDH = 37 + 18 = 55^\circ$

$\angle FHD = 180 - 52 - 55 = 73^\circ$

b)

$\angle HGJ = 180 - 73 - 40 = 67^\circ$

$\angle FKG = 67 - 52 = 15^\circ$

Ans: (a) 73°
(b) 15°

14. a)

$$\text{Average height of first 3 men} = 5.01 \div 3 = 1.67 \text{ m}$$

b)

$$\text{New average height after 4}^{\text{th}} \text{ man joined} = 1.67 - 0.08 = 1.59\text{m}$$

$$\text{Total decrease in height} = 0.08 \times 3 = 0.24\text{m}$$

$$\text{Height of 4}^{\text{th}} \text{ man} = 1.59 - 0.24 = 1.35 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{New average height after 5}^{\text{th}} \text{ man joined} = 1.59 + 0.06 = 1.65 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Total increase in height} = 4 \times 0.06 = 0.24 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Height of 5}^{\text{th}} \text{ man} = 1.65 - 0.24 = 1.89\text{m}$$

Ans: (a) 1.67 m

(b) 1.89m

15. a)

Let t = time in minutes after Tap X was turned on at 10 am.

$$\text{Volume from Tap X} = 2.8 \times t = 2.8t \text{ litres}$$

$$\text{Volume from Tap Y} = 3.2 \times (t - 2) = 3.2t - 6.4$$

$$\text{Volume from Tap Y} = \text{Volume from Tap X}$$

$$3.2t - 6.4 = 2.8t$$

$$3.2t - 2.8t = 6.4$$

$$0.4t = 6.4$$

$$t = 6.4 \div 0.4 = 16 \text{ min after 10am} = 10.16 \text{ am}$$

b)

$$\text{Volume of either tanks} = 2.8 \times 16 = 44.8 \text{ litres}$$

$$\text{Area of base} = 56 \times 32 = 1792 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{Height of both tanks} = 44800 \div 1792 = 25 \text{ cm}$$

Ans: (a) 10.16 am

(b) 25 cm

16. a)

Let Figure Number = n

Number of shaded square in Figure 5 = $n + 1 = 5 + 1 = 6$

Number of unshaded squares in Figure 5 = $(n+1) \times (n+1) - (n+1) = n \times (n+1) = 30$

b)

Total number of squares = $(n+1) \times (n+1) = 256 = 16 \times 16$

$n + 1 = 16$

$n = 15$, Figure 15 has 256 squares

c)

$(n+1) \times (n+1) = 529 = 23 \times 23$

$n + 1 = 23$

$n = 22$

Number of shade square in Figure 22 = $n + 1 = 22 + 1 = 23$

Ans: (a) 6, 30
(b) Figure 15
(c) 23

17. a)

Discounted price before GST = $0.8 \times 2370 + 0.7 \times 1250 = 1896 + 875 = \2771

Price including GST = $1.07 \times 2771 = \$2964.97$

b)

Amount he paid for 2nd computer = $(3445.40 - 449.40) \div 2 = \1498

Payment for 1st computer = $1498 + 449.40 = \$1947.40$

Price of 1st computer before GST = $1947.40 \div 1.07 = \$1820$

Price of 1st computer before discount = $1820 \div 0.8 = \$2275$

Ans: (a) \$2964.97
(b) \$2275