

#### RAFFLES GIRLS' PRIMARY SCHOOL

30 Apr 2012	ENGLISH LANGUAGE Att: 1 h 15 min	Parent's Signature		
Name :		Average : score		
Nome	Class: P3 Index No:	Highest score		
	SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT (1) 2012	48 marks	Class	Level

Your Score

#### Section A: Grammar (6 X 1 mark)

Choose the correct answer and write its number (1, 2, 3 or 4) in the brackets.

1.	Please talk Th	e baby is sleeping.		
	(1) soft (2) softty (3) softest (4) softness		(	)
2.	Tom did not scl	nool as he had contracted measles.		
	<ul><li>(1) attend</li><li>(2) attended</li><li>(3) attending</li><li>(4) was attending</li></ul>		(	)
3.	Mother placed the vase	the dining table.		
	(1) in (2) on (3) into (4) over		(	1

4.	nmmy lost his pen i lent him mine.		
	(1) as		
	(2) so		
	(3) after		
	(4) because	(	)
5.	Mary wanted to a Father's Day card last week.		
	(1) design	•	
	(2) designs	J	
	(3) designed		
	(4) had designed	(	)
6.	boys here are from the school next door.		
	(1) This		
t	(2) That		
	(3) These (4) Those	_	
	( <del>T)</del> 11000	(	)

#### Section B: Vocabulary (6 X 1 mark)

Choose the most suitable answer and write its number (1, 2, 3 or 4) in the brackets.

7.	Mother mixed the tomatov	rith water to make spaghetti sauce.	
	<ul><li>(1) crust</li><li>(2) pizza</li><li>(3) paste</li><li>(4) crumbs</li></ul>	. (	)
8.	The king the lazy servants	to clean the dirty kitchen immediate	∋ly.
	<ul><li>(1) wished</li><li>(2) testified</li><li>(3) applauded</li><li>(4) commanded</li></ul>	. (	<b>)</b> .
9.	"Stop being a/an and look sister when she failed her test.	on the bright side of life," Anni told	her
	<ul><li>(1) boaster</li><li>(2) optimist</li><li>(3) pessimist</li><li>(4) comedian</li></ul>	. (	)
10.	The cut on her finger was	by bacteria.	
	<ul><li>(1) bruised</li><li>(2) tattered</li><li>(3) infected</li><li>(4) survived</li></ul>	(	· )
11.	Feeling faint and about to fall, she	herself against the wall.	
	<ul><li>(1) readied</li><li>(2) steadied</li><li>(3) attended</li><li>(4) maintained</li></ul>	(	)
12.	The band was from the collate.	npetition when all of its members a	arrived
	<ul><li>(1) disturbed</li><li>(2) disciplined</li><li>(3) disqualified</li><li>(4) disappeared</li></ul>	(	),

#### Section C: Vocabulary Cloze (8 X 1 mark)

Read the passage carefully. Choose the correct word from the words given in the box and write its letter (A to M) in each blank. The letter 'I' has been omitted in order to avoid confusion during marking.

#### USE A WORD ONCE ONLY.

	(A) beautify	(B) company	(C) con	petitive
	(D) cruel	(E) failing	, (F) frus	tration
	(G) lives	(H) malnutriti	on (j) over	feed
l	(K) responsibility	(L) starved	(M) vent	:
	•			
	Many of us are fond	of keeping cats.	Cats are lovable and	enjoy keeping us
(13	3)	Their presence	changes our sometimes	stressful and boring
of t	them because they too fee	l pain as we do.		
	Reports of cat abuse t	from all over the w	orld show how (16)	
pec	pple can be. Perhaps, ou	t of stress and (	17)	, people tend to
abu	ise the poor animals	s. The abuse	comes in various	forms, such as
(18)		to feed them p	properly. Consequently,	these cats die of
(19)		Some cats are even	en locked up in cages a	nd forgotten till they
are	(20)	to death.		

#### Section D: Grammar Cloze (8 X 1 mark)

#### Cloze Passage 1

Read the passage carefully. Choose the correct word from the words given in the box and write its letter (A to G) in each blank.

#### USE A WORD ONCE ONLY.

	(A) has travelled	(B) have travelled	(C) is travelling	(D) travel
	(E) travelled	(F) was travelling	(G) will travel	
	Travelling provide	es a whole new exp	erience for the f	amily. My family loves to
21)		_to different countri	es each year du	ring the school holidays
ast	December, we (2	2)	to Korea	for a week. My fathe
23)		to many countries an	d is always eager	to share his experiences
ith	us. We (24)	to Ma	alaysia at the er	nd of this year.
ea	e Passage 2 d the passage care write its letter (A to	<del>-</del>	rrect word from t	the words given in the t
		USE A WORD	ONCE ONLY.	
	(A) although	(B) and	(C) because	(D) but
	(E) if	(F) so	(G) then	
	It was the first of	lay of Chinese New	Year. (25)	we arrive
ery				we arrive
-	early at our grand	parents' home, then	e were alrea⁄dy	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
еге	early at our grand	parents' home, then	e were already our elders, we	many relatives_ gathere
ere oc	early at our grand  After we had presented to another re	parents' home, then	e were already our elders, we ( we were talking (	many relatives gathere (26)

Page 5 of 9

#### Section E: Comprehension (MCQ) (5 X 2 marks)

Read the passage carefully and answer questions 29 to 33.

Tina remembered her lesson in class about paper. She learnt that most paper is made from the **fluffy** material inside trees that makes up wood. Ninety percent of wood used for paper comes from them.

Her teacher explained that to make paper, the wood is crushed and soaked to soften it. It is then cooked until it is thick and sticky like a paste.

In addition, to make the softened wood smooth and white, chemicals are often added into the paste. Water is then taken out from the mixture before it is rolled into paper and dried.

Paper can also be made from recycled paper. However, paper cannot be recycled repeatedly as the material in it gets weaker each time it is recycled. Usually, recycled paper is mixed with new wood to make the paper stronger.

It takes about forty percent less energy to make paper from recycled paper. Recycled paper uses less water and causes less pollution. This helps to keep the environment safe.

"When we recycle paper, less waste ends up at landfills — where paper is buried under layers of soil," her teacher concluded.

(Adapted from 'Do It Yourself, Recycling' Heinemann)

### Choose the correct answer and write its number (1, 2, 3 or 4) in the brackets.

29.	The word 'fluffy' in paragraph 1 means		
	(1) raw (2) soft (3) flaky (4) beefy	(	)
30.	The word 'It' in paragraph 2 refers to		
	(1) bark (2) paper (3) chemicals (4) soaked wood	(	)
31.	Chemicals are added to the softened wood to make it		
	<ul><li>(1) dry</li><li>(2) strong</li><li>(3) thick and sticky</li><li>(4) smooth and white</li></ul>	(	)
32.	In paragraph 3, after water is removed from the mixture,		
	<ul><li>(1) it is mixed with new wood</li><li>(2) it is rolled into paper and dried</li><li>(3) the wood is crushed and soaked</li><li>(4) chemicals are added into the paste</li></ul>	(	)
33.	We will when we recycle paper.		
	<ul><li>(1) use more water</li><li>(2) save the environment</li><li>(3) have more waste at landfills</li><li>(4) the pincty paraent less energy</li></ul>	,	
•	(4) use ninety percent less energy	(	)

#### Section F: Comprehension (Open-ended) (5 X 2 marks)

Read the passage carefully and answer questions 34 to 38.

Maria loved dolphins and had read so much about them. She wished the car would go faster as she could not wait to see them.

She knew that dolphins could communicate with people using clicking noises and high-pitched squeals. She wished she could communicate with them However, even with her hearing aid, she could only make out loud, deep noises, like thunder.

Maria feared she would not be able to talk to the dolphins. She forgot her worry when, suddenly, she smelt the sea Looking out of the car window, she felt excited.

Today was a special day. Today, Maria had decided, was Dolphin Day. Although she had seen dolphins many times on television and in books, she had never met one face to face. Today, she would have the chance. Her father drove around a corner, and there, glistening through the pine trees, was the sea.

'It won't be long now. The Dolphin Research Centre is just up the road,' Maria's mother signed to her from the front seat.

(Adapted from 'Ladybug, the magazine for young children' July/ August 2011)

# Write your answer in complete sentences. How could dolphins communicate with people? 34. Which sentence in paragraph 2 shows the author had hearing difficulty? 35. What worry did Maria forget when she smelt the sea? 36. Why had Maria decided to call that special day 'Dolphin Day'? 37. Which word in the passage has the same meaning as "sparkling"? 38. ----- End of Paper -----

Setters: Linda Adaham Clara Tan

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## ANSWER SHEET

RAFFLES GIRLS' PRIMARY SCHOOL Semestral Assessment (1) 2012 Primary 3 - English Section A Grammar 3. (2) 1. (2) 4. (2) 5. (1) 6. (3) Section B: Vocabulary 9. (3) 10. (3) 11. (2)12. Section C: Vocabulary Cloze 13. В 14. G 15. K 16. D 17. F 18. Section D: Grammar Cloze 22. 21. D E 23. Α 24. G 25. 26. G 27. 28. Section E. Comprehension (MCQ) 29. (2)30. (4)31. (4) 32. (2) 33. (2) Section F: Comprehension (Open-ended) Q: How could dolphins communicate with people? 34 A: The dolphins would click noises or make high-pitched squeals to communicate with people. Q: Which sentence in paragraph 2 shows the author had difficulty hearing? 35 A: The sentence is "However, even with her hearing aid, she could only make out loud, deep noises like thunder". Q: What worry did Maria forget when she smelt the sea? 36 A: Maria forgot that she feared she could not talk to the dolphins. Q: Why had Maria decided to call that special day 'Dolphin Day'? 37 A: She did so because on that day, she would have a chance to meet a dolphin face to face. Q: Which word in the passage has the same meaning as "sparkling"? 38 A: The word in the passage that has the same meaning as the word "sparkling" is "glistening".

