# PRINCESS ELIZABETH PRIMARY SCHOOL CONTINUAL ASSESSMENT 1, 2008 SCIENCE PRIMARY 3

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_\_( ... )

CLASS: PRIMARY 3 ( ...)

DATE: 6 March 2008

**DURATION: 45 mins** 

50

Parent's Signature

## PRINCESS ELIZABETH PRIMARY SCHOOL CONTINUAL ASSESSMENT 1, 2008 SCIENCE PRIMARY 3

Name:( )	50
Class: Primary 3 ( , ` )	
Date:	Duration: 45 mins

Section A: (15 X 2 marks)

Of the four options given, choose the most suitable answer and write its number in the brackets provided on the answer sheet given.

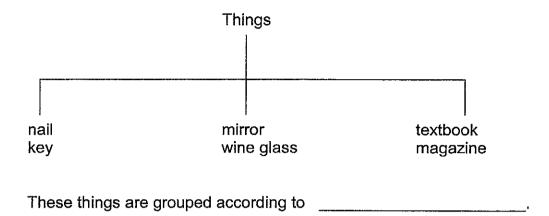
1. In the second table given below, which row has an item that is **not** grouped correctly?

Group 1	Group 2	Group 3
Orange	Lion	Spoon
Mango	Parrot	Pot

	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3
(1)	Pear	Zebra	Bowl
(2)	Guava	Bee	Plate
(3)	Rambutan	Mynah	Knife
(4)	Pineapple	Seal	Panda

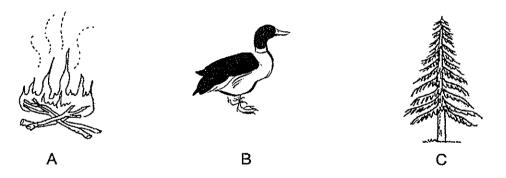
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2. The diagram below shows three groups of things.



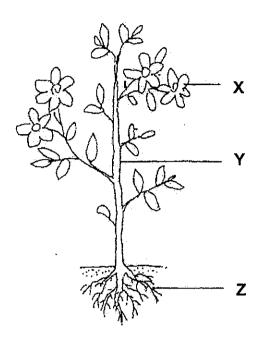
- (1) the way they look
- (2) what they are made of
- (3) how they can be used
- (4) their colour

3. Which row in the table given below classifies all the three items correctly?



	Α	В	С
(1)	Living thing	Non-living thing	Living thing
(2)	Non-living thing	Living thing	Non-living thing
(3)	Non-living thing	Living thing	Living thing
(4)	Living thing	Living thing	Living thing

Look at the picture below and answer questions 4 and 5.



What are X and Z known as? 4.

X		<u>Z</u>			
(1) ster (2) flow (3) lear (4) frui	ver	fruit roots stem roots		(	)

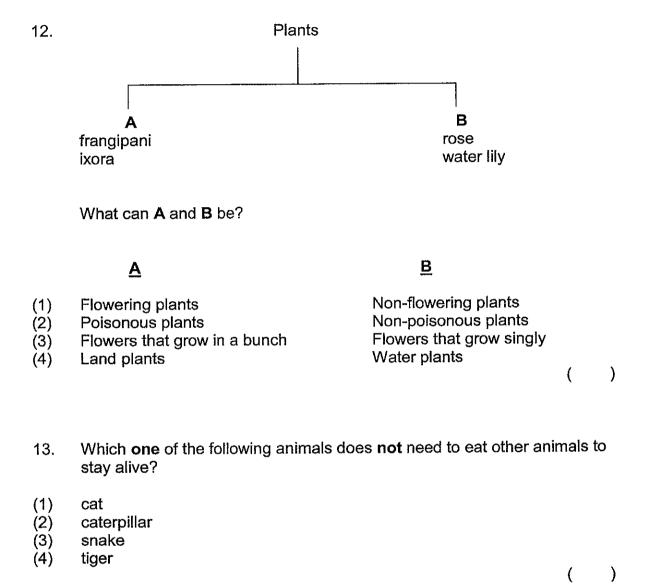
- Which one of the following statements below describes the part labeled Y 5. correctly?
- (1)
- It is usually found under the ground. It supports the branches and leaves. (2)
- It hangs in the air. (3)
- It takes in mineral salts for the plants. (4)

6. Look at the table given below carefully. What can **X** be?

Age (years old)	X's weight (kg)
0	2
2	2
4	2
6	2

X car	be a		
(1) (2) (3) (4)	boy girl hamster robot	(	-)
7.	Which of the following animals give birth to their young?		
(1) (2) (3) (4)	parrot and snake ostrich and monkey penguin and zebra giraffe and man	(	.)
8.	Animals can be grouped according to		
(A) (B) (C) (D)	the way they move the way they reproduce the food they eat living and non-living things		
(1) (2) (3) (4)	D only A and B only A, B and C only A, B, C and D	(	)

9.	Which one of the following statements is incorrect?		
When	a living thing grows, it may		
(1) (2) (3) (4)	become bigger become taller not respond to changes not look the same	(	<sub>/</sub> )
10.	Which <b>one</b> of the following statements about the cat and the vase is <b>ct</b> ?	\$	
(A) (B) (C) (D)	The cat can move by itself but the vase cannot move by itself. The cat cannot move by itself but the vase can move by itself. The cat can die but the vase cannot die. The cat cannot die but the vase can die.		
(1) (2) (3) (4)	A only A and C only B and D only A, B and C only	(	,)
11.	The main stem of a tree is called the		
(1) (2)	bark plant shrub		
(3) (4)	trunk	(	)



14. Meili touched the leaves of a mimosa plant and they closed.



Which one of the following characteristics of living things was shown by the plant?

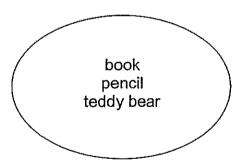
(

)

)

- (1) Living things die.
- (2) Living things reproduce.
- (3) Living things respond to changes.
- (4) Living things need air, food and water.

15.



Which of the following pairs belongs to the above group?

- (1) fish and bowl
- (2) ruler and eraser
- (3) snail and grass
- (4) lalang and worm

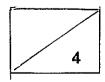
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# PRINCESS ELIZABETH PRIMARY SCHOOL CONTINUAL ASSESSMENT 1, 2008 SCIENCE PRIMARY 3

Nan	ne:	( , )	Marks:
Clas	ss: Primary 3( )	•	20
Date	e:		
Rea	tion B: d the questions carefully and write t vided.	the correct answe	r on the blanks
16.	Compare a dolphin and a millipede.		
		Charles and report of the second	
	a dolphin	a millipede	
(a) <u>(i)</u> _	State <b>two similar</b> characteristics of		ngs. (2m)
(ii)			
	,		
(b)	State <b>one difference</b> between the almove. (2 m)	bove living things in	າ terms of how they
	A dolphin moves with its	s tuu	ı millipede moves
	with its		
			4

# 17. Name the outer coverings of the following animals. (4m)

Animals	Outer coverings
(a) cobra	(a)
The state of the s	(b)
(b) eagle	
( c) sheep	(c)
(d) tortoise	(d)



18. Look at the two leaves given below.



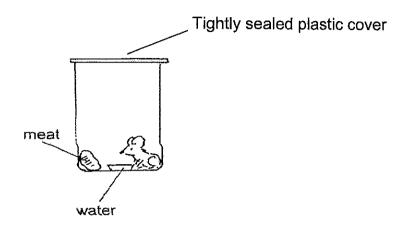
Leaf A

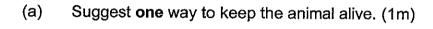
Leaf B

(a)	In what way are they different in shape? (2m)	9/
(b)	Name <b>two other ways</b> in which leaves of different plants car besides their shape? (2m)	) be different
(i)		
(ii)		



19. In the picture given below, a mouse is put into a container which is tightly sealed. A piece of meat and some water is put into the container.





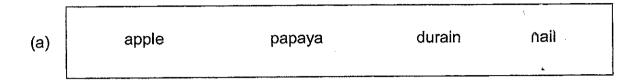
(h)	Give one reason for your answer in (a). (1m)	

(c)	A mouse can have young. We say it can
	(1m)



20. Look at the things in each group. **Circle** the thing that should not be in the group. Then fill in the blanks to explain why. (5m)

G	ro	up	Α
-		~ [-	



The \_\_\_\_\_ should not be in the group.

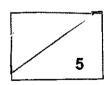
It is not a \_\_\_\_\_

## **Group B**

(b)	orchid	hibiscus	rafflesia	moss
(u)	0101110	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u>`</u> ,

The \_\_\_\_\_ should not be in the group.

It is not a \_\_\_\_\_.



Have you checked your answers?

Set by J. K

## PRINCESS ELIZABETH PRIMARY SCHOOL Continual Assessment 1, 2008 SCIENCE Primary 3 ANSWERS

### **SECTION A**

1.	(4)	6.	(4)	11.	(4)
2.	(2)	7.	(4)	12.	(3)
3.	(3)	8.	(3)	13.	(2)
4.	(2)	9.	(3)	14.	(3)
5.	(2)	10.	(2)	15.	(2)

### **SECTION B**

- 16. a) (i) They both need air.
  - a) (ii) They both need food and water.
  - b) (i) flippers
  - b) (ii) legs
- 17. a) scale
- b) feathers

c) wool

- d) shell
- 18. a) Leaf A is oval nad Leaf B is a heart.
  - b) (i) Some can have smooth edges while other can have ragged edges.
  - b) (ii) Some leaves can be in different colours.
- 19. a) Poke some holes through on the plastic cover.
  - b) The mouse needs air to live.
  - c) reproduce.
- 20. a) (i) nail
- b) (i) moss
- a) (ii) fruit
- b) (ii) flowering
- b) (iii) plant