Class

Index Number

Candidate Name



ANG MO KIO SECONDARY SCHOOL MID-YEAR EXAMINATION 2019 SECONDARY FOUR EXPRESS / FIVE NORMAL ACADEMIC

MATHEMATICS

4048/01

Paper 1

Setter: Mrs Seah Kwan Chaet

Wednesday

15 May 2019

2 hours

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your name, index number and class on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

The use of an approved scientific calculator is expected, where appropriate.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total of the marks for this paper is 80.

For Examiner's Use

This document consists of 17 printed pages and 1 blank page.

Mathematical Formulae

Compound interest

Total amount =
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

Mensuration

Curve surface area of a cone = πrl

Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$

Volume of a cone =
$$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Volume of a sphere =
$$\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

Area of triangle
$$ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$$

Arc length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians

Sector Area =
$$\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$$
, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

Statistics

$$Mean = \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard deviation =
$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$$

L' 3.

1 (a) Simplify x + 7 - x(2 - 3x).

Answer

[2]

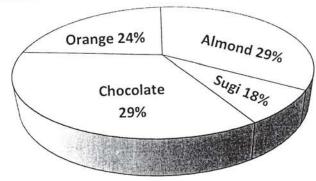
(b) Factorise completely 4ax + 12a - x - 3.

Answer

[2]

2 The pie chart shows the sales for 4 different flavours of cookies.

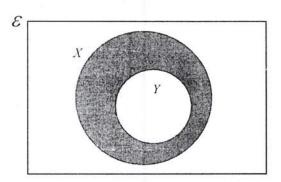
Chocolate is the Most Popular Flavour



State one aspect of the graph that may be misleading and explain how this may lead to a misinterpretation of the graph.

Answer

3 (a) Write down the set notation for the set represented by the shaded region in the Venn diagram below.



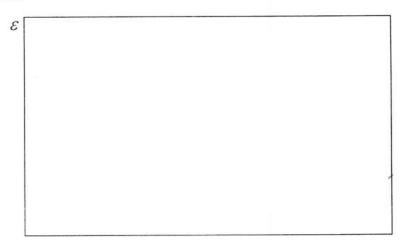
Answer [1]

(b) $\mathcal{E} = \{x : x \text{ is an integer, } 1 \le x \le 9\}$ $A = \{x : x \text{ is an odd number}\}$

 $B = \{x : x \text{ is a factor of 6}\}$

(i) Draw a Venn diagram in the box below to illustrate the above information.

Answer



[1]

(ii) List the elements in the set $(A \cup B)'$.

Answer

[1]

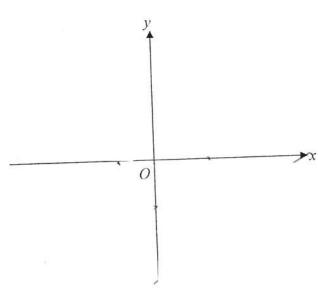
4 (a) Express $x^2 - 2x - 2$ in the form $p + (x+q)^2$.

Answer

Answ

[2]

(b) Sketch the graph of $y = x^2 - 2x - 2$ on the axes below. Indicate clearly the values where the graph crosses the x- and y- axes.



[2]

The exchange rate between Singapore dollars (\$) and Japanese Yen (\$) was \$1 = \footnote{8}1.7339. Mr Toshi bought a watch priced at \$1550. The shop charged 1.8% commission as he chose to pay in Japanese Yen using his credit card. What was the total cost of the watch in Japanese Yen?

Answer ¥

6	Write as a single fraction in its simplest form	4	1
	and a sumplest form	3-x	x^2-3x

Answer

[2]

- A map is drawn to a scale of 1:500 000.
 - (a) The length of a runway at an airport is 0.6 cm on the map. Calculate the actual length of the runway in kilometres.

Answer

km [1]

(b) The airport has an area of 5 km². Calculate the area, in square centimetres, of the airport on the map.

Answei

 cm^2

8 The monthly telephone charges offered by a telecommunications company is obtained by adding a fixed charge of \$28 and the total usage for the month as shown below.

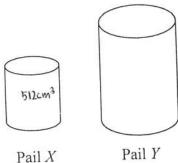
Usage Per Month	Rate (cents per minute		
First 5 hours	Free		
Next 20 hours	3.5		
Exceed 20 hours	10		
Exceed 20 flours	There is a second control of the second		

If the total usage for the month of February was 31 hours, calculate the telephone charges for that month.

Answer \$

[2]

Two pails, X and Y, are geometrically similar. The volume of pail X is 512 cm³. Given that the base area of pail Y is four times the base area of pail X, find the volume of pail Y.

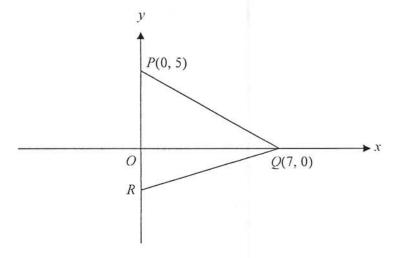


Answer

 cm^3

[3]

The diagram below shows a triangle PQR with coordinates P(0, 5) and Q(7, 0). The area of the triangle is 28 cm^2 .



Find

(a) the coordinates of R,

Answer	R ()	[2]

(b) the equation of the line QR.

Answer ... [2]

If the length of a rectangle is increased by 30% and its breadth is decreased by 20%, find the percentage change in its area.

Answer

%

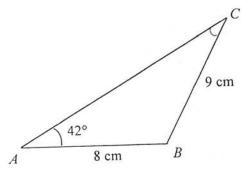
- Written as the product of its prime factors, $126 = 2 \times 3^2 \times 7$.
 - (a) Express 720 as a product of its prime factors.

(b) Find the largest integer which is a factor of both 126 and 720.

(c) Find the smallest possible value of m if 720m is both a perfect square and a perfect cube.

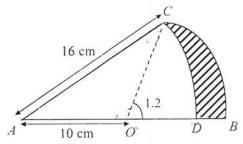
Answer
$$m = [1]$$

13 In the diagram below, AB = 8 cm, BC = 9 cm and $\angle BAC = 42^{\circ}$. Find $\angle ACB$.



Answer

14 The diagram below shows part of a circle ABC with centre O and radius 10 cm. The radius OC makes an angle of 1.2 radians with the radius OB. ACD is a sector with centre A and radius 16 cm.



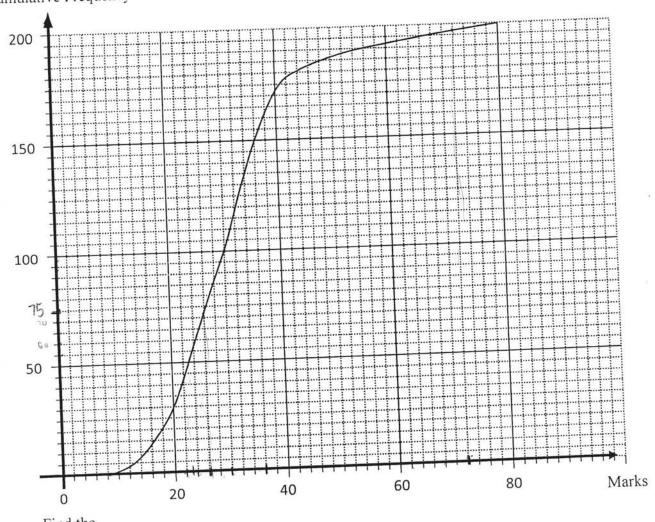
Find the area of the shaded region BCD.

	2	F = 7
Answer	cm-	[5]
/		1000000

AMKSS 4E5N MYE 4048/01/2019 [Turn Over

The cumulative frequency curve shows the marks obtained by 200 pupils in a particular Science examination. The maximum mark is 80.

Cumulative Frequency



Find the

(a) (i) median,

Answer

[1]

(ii) interquartile range.

Answer

[2]

(b) Find the passing mark if 36% of the pupils passed the examination.

Answer

TI

	12	
The	sum of a series of numbers is given below	
	$S_n = 1 + 2 + 3 + + n = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$.	
(a)	Find the value of S_{35} .	
	Answer	[1]
(b)	Find the value of <i>n</i> given that $S_n = 1378$.	
	Answer	[2]
(c)	If $T = 101 + 102 + 103 + \dots + 199$, find the value of T .	
(0)		
	Answer	[2]
(4)	Given the sum of even integers is $P = 2 + 4 + 6 + 100$ find the value of P .	
(u)	Given the sum of even integers is 1 = 2 + 1 + 0 + 100, and the value of 1	
	Answer	[2]
	(a)	The sum of a series of numbers is given below $S_n = 1 + 2 + 3 + + n = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}.$ (a) Find the value of S_{35} . Answer (b) Find the value of n given that $S_n = 1378$. Answer (c) If $T = 101 + 102 + 103 + + 199$, find the value of T . Answer (d) Given the sum of even integers is $P = 2 + 4 + 6 + + 100$, find the value of P .

(e) Using your answer in part (d), find the sum of all the odd integers between 0 and 100.

Answer [1]

17	A drinks vending machine takes 50 cent coins and \$1 coins. A drink costs \$1.50. The probability that the machine will accept a particular 50 cent coin is 0.9 and that it will accept a particular \$1 coin is 0.85.	
	(a) What is the probability that the machine will not accept a particular 50 cent coin?	
	Answer [[1]
	(b) John put one 50 cent coin and one \$1 coin into the machine. Calculate the probability that(i) the machine will not accept both coins,	
	Answer (ii) John will get a drink only when he inserts another \$1 coin.	[1]
	Answer (c) Peter only has three 50 cent coins. Calculate the probability that (i) the machine will accept all three coins,	[1]
	(ii) the machine will accept all three cours, Answer (ii) Peter will not get a drink.	[1]
	Answer	[1]

18
$$\overrightarrow{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}, \overrightarrow{BC} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and B is the point (7, 0). Find

(a) $\overrightarrow{|AB|}$,

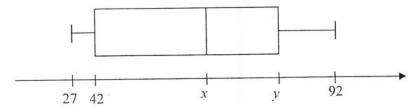
Answer [1]

(b) the coordinates of the point C.

Answer C(,) [2]

19 The marks scored by 12 students from a Sec 4 class in a test are listed below.

The diagram below shows a box-and-whisker plot representing their results.



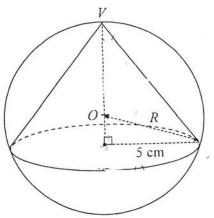
(a) Find the value of x and of y.

Answer
$$x = y = [2]$$

(b) A new student later joined the group and sat for the same test. If the median mark remains unchanged, find the mark scored by the new student.

Answer [1]

The diagram below shows a cone fitted inside a sphere. V is the vertex of the cone and O is the centre of the sphere. Given that the cone has a height of 10 cm and a base radius of 5 cm, find the radius of the sphere, R.



Answer

cm

[3]

21 (a) Simplify each of the following, giving your answer as a positive index.

$$(i) \qquad \left(x^{-3}y\right)^{-5}$$

Answer [1]

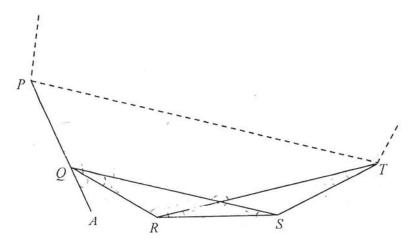
(ii) $\frac{18x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4\sqrt{x}}$

Answer [2]

(b) Solve the equation $2^{5x-1} = 3^{5x-1}$.

Answer x = [2]

22



The diagram shows part of a regular n-sided polygon, PQRST...

(a) Explain why triangles QRS and TSR are congruent.

Answer

[2]

- **(b)** It is given that angle $AQR = 30^{\circ}$. Find
 - (i) the value of n,

Answer

[1]

(ii) angle RTS,

Answer

[2]

(iii) angle QPT.

Answer

[2]

END OF PAPER

BLANK PAGE

0	1 -	-	-
C	2	c	c
	ıa	J	

Index Number

Candidate Name



ANG MO KIO SECONDARY SCHOOL MID-YEAR EXAMINATION 2019 SECONDARY FOUR EXPRESS / FIVE NORMAL ACADEMIC

MATHEMATICS

4048/02

Paper 2

Setter: Mdm Kwa Leng Leng

Monday

13 May 2019

2 hours 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. Additional Materials: Graph Paper (1 sheet)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your name, index number and class on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer.

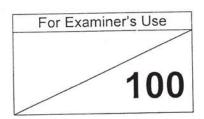
Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

The use of an approved scientific calculator is expected, where appropriate.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 100.



This document consists of 22 printed pages and 1 insert.

Mathematical Formulae

Compound interest

Total amount =
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

Mensuration

Curve surface area of a cone = πrl

Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$

Volume of a cone =
$$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Volume of a sphere =
$$\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

Area of triangle
$$ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$$

Arc length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians

Sector Area =
$$\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$$
, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

Statistics

$$Mean = \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard deviation =
$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$$

1 (a) It is given that $y+z=\frac{4y-6z}{7x}$.

(i) Find x when y = 2 and z = -1.

[1]

(iii) Express z in term of x and y.

[2]

(b) Solve the equation $\frac{2a+1}{3} + \frac{a-2}{4} = 2$.

[2]

AMKSS 4E5N MYE 4048/02/2019 [Turn Over

(c) Solve these simultaneous equations.

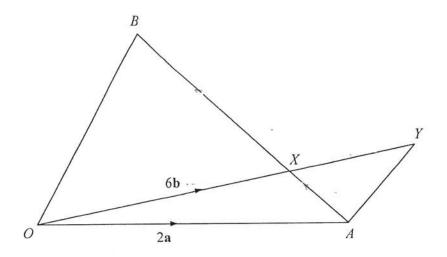
$$4p + 3q = 2$$
$$5p - 4q = 49$$

[3]

(d) Simplify
$$\frac{4h^2 - 36}{4h^2 - 5h - 21}$$
.

[3]

2



(a) In $\triangle OAB$, the point X on AB is such that AX:XB=1:3. OXY is a straight line and $XY=\frac{1}{4}OY$.

Given that $\overrightarrow{OA} = 2\mathbf{a}$, $\overrightarrow{OX} = 6\mathbf{b}$, write each of the following in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} . Give your answers in their simplest form.

(ii)
$$\overrightarrow{OB}$$
, [2]

(iii)
$$\stackrel{\rightarrow}{AY}$$
. [2]

(b) State 2 facts about
$$\overrightarrow{AY}$$
 and \overrightarrow{OB} . [2]

AMKSS 4E5N MYE 4048/02/2019 [Turn Over

3 Famous Factory produces pastries and delivers them to two outlets every day that each outlet is open. There are 3 deliveries for each day. The number of pastries supplied in a single delivery is given by the matrix **P**.

Outlet 1 Outlet 2 $\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 60 & 80 \\ 30 & 50 \\ 80 & 100 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Chicken Pie} \\ \text{Tuna Puff} \\ \text{Cream Puff} \end{array}$

(a) Evaluate the matrix D = 3P.

(b) A chicken pie is sold at \$2. A tuna puff is sold at \$1.80. A cream puff is sold at \$1.40.
 Represent these prices in a 1 × 3 matrix C.

(c) Evaluate the matrix Q = CD. [2]

(d) State what the elements of Q represent.

[1]

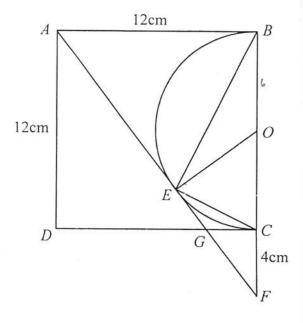
(e) In a particular month, Outlet 1 was opened for 22 days and Outlet 2 was opened for 30 days. Write down a 2 × 2 matrix E such that the matrix F = QE, where the elements of F represent the amount of money collected from selling all the pastries in each outlet in that month.

Hence evaluate F.

[2]

(f) There are two promotion schemes proposed. Scheme A is price reduction of 10% on all pastries and Scheme B is price reduction of 20% on chicken pies only. Supposing all pastries at each outlet are sold at the end of a day, calculate the daily amount of money collected at each outlet from the sale of pastries under each promotion schemes. Hence, propose the suitable scheme for each outlet.

4 ABCD is a square with sides 12cm and BCE is a semi-circle with centre O. AF is a tangent to the semi-circle at point E and BOCF is a straight line.



(a) Name a triangle similar to $\triangle ADG$.

[1]

(b) Show that $\triangle OEF$ is similar to $\triangle ABF$.

(c) Find the length of EF.

[2]

(d) Find the ratio

(i) $\frac{\text{Area of } \Delta EFC}{\text{Area of } \Delta ECB}$,

[1]

(ii) Area of $\triangle OEF$ Area of quadrilateral $\triangle ABOE$.

- Xavier and Yves were running on a 400m track in Bishan Stadium. Both of them started from the same point. Xavier started running at a speed of x m/s. At the same time, Yves also started running in the opposite direction at speed of (x+3) m/s and he met Xavier on the track again after t s.
 - (a) Write down two expressions that each represents the distance travelled by Xavier and Yves after t s.

[2]

(b) Using the two expressions of distances in part (a), show that $t = \frac{400}{2x+3}$. [1]

(c) Zed started off together with the 2 boys and he ran in the same direction as Yves.
 However, he ran at a speed of (x - 1) m/s. Find, in terms of x, the time taken when
 Xavier and Zed met each other on the track again.

AMKSS 4E5N MYE 4048/02/2019 [Turn Over

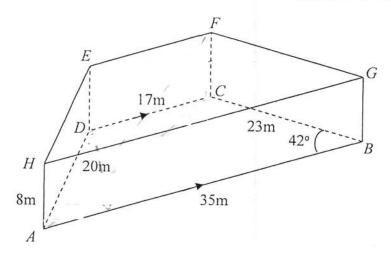
(d) Given that Xavier met Zed 20 seconds after passing Yves, form an equation in terms of x and show that it simplifies to $4x^2 + 4x - 83 = 0$. [3]

(e) Solve the equation $4x^2 + 4x - 83 = 0$. [3]

(f) Find the time taken by Xavier to complete running one round around the track. [1]

AMKSS 4E5N MYE 4048/02/2019 [Turn Over

The diagram shows a solid trapezoidal prism. The base ABCD is on flat ground and ABGH, BCFG, CDEF and ADEH are vertical rectangular planes. $AB = 35 \,\text{m}$, $BC = 23 \,\text{m}$, $CD = 17 \,\text{m}$, $AH = 8 \,\text{m}$, $AD = 20 \,\text{m}$, $\angle ABC = 42 \,^{\circ}$ and AB is parallel to DC.



Calculate

(a) the length of AC,

[3]

(b) the angle of depression of A from F,

[2]

(c) the area of triangle ABC,

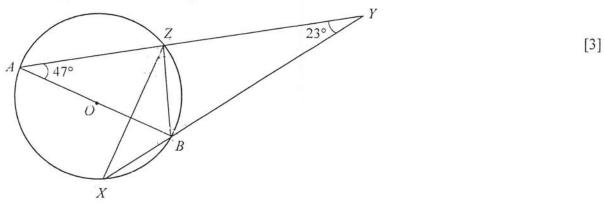
(d) the perpendicular distance from point D to the line AB,

(e) the surface area of the prism.

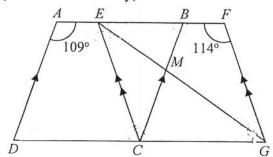
[3]

7 (a) In the figure below, AB is a diameter of the circle with centre O. AZY and XBY are straight lines. $\angle BAZ = 47^{\circ}$ and $\angle BYZ = 23^{\circ}$.

Stating your reasons clearly, find $\angle BZX$.



(b) The above diagram shows two rhombuses *ABCD* and *EFGC*. $\angle BFG = 114^{\circ}$ and $\angle DAE = 109^{\circ}$. Stating your reasons clearly, calculate



(i) $\angle FBC$, [1]

(ii) $\angle FGE$, [2]

(iii) $\angle EMB$.

8 (a) Dice A has the numbers 1, 2, 3 and 4 engraved on it while dice B has the numbers 2, 3, 5 and 7 engraved on it. They are rolled one after another and the sum of the two rolls is then recorded on a possibility diagram.

(i) Complete the possibility diagram.

			Die	ce A	
Dice B	+	1	2	3	4
	2		4	5	
	3	4	5		7
D	5	6	7		9
	. 7		9	10	

(ii) Find the probability that both dice show odd numbers.

[1]

(iii) Find the probability that the sum of the two numbers is prime.

[1]

(iv) Find the probability that the sum of the two numbers is at most 9.

[1]

8 (b) A group of 23 basketball players were asked how many points they scored in a season of matches. The results are presented in the following stem-and-leaf diagram.

Key: 4 | 3 means 43 points

(i) Find the range. [1]

(ii) Find the median score. [1]

(iii) A special award is given to players who scored more than 75 points in a season.

Find the percentage of players who attained this award.

[1]

AMKSS 4E5N MYE 4048/02/2019 [Turn Over

(iv)	A moderation has to be done and 2 points are to be added across all the scores.	
	Explain how the median score is affected by this moderation.	[1]

(v) Find the standard deviation of the scores. [2]

(vi) The standard deviation of the scores of another group of players was 7.96 points.

Use this information to comment on one difference between the two groups.

[1]

9 The variables x and y are connected by the equation

$$y = 2x + \frac{18}{x^2}.$$

Some corresponding values of x and y are given in the following table.

X	1	1.5	2	3	4	5	6
Y	20	11	а	8	9.1	10.7	12.5

(a) Find the value of a.

[1]

(b) Draw the graph on the graph paper provided and staple it at the end of this question paper.

Using a scale of 2 cm to 1 unit, draw a horizontal x-axis for $0 \le x \le 6$.

Using a scale of 1 cm to 1 unit, draw a vertical y-axis for $0 \le y \le 22$.

On your axes, plot the points given in the table and join them with a smooth curve. [3]

(c) Use your graph to solve $2x + \frac{18}{x^2} = 12$ in the range $0 \le x \le 6$. [2]

(d) By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the graph at the point where x = 1.5. [2]

AMKSS 4E5N MYE 4048/02/2019 [Turn Over

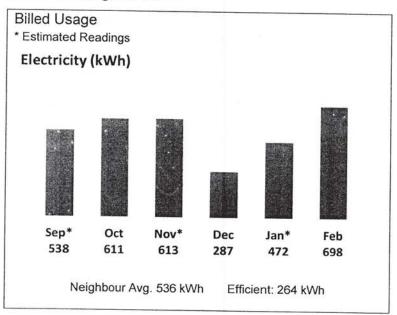
(e) On the same axes, draw the graph of y = x + 10 for $0 \le x \le 6$.

(i) Write down the x-coordinate of the point where the two graphs intersect. [1]

(ii) Given that this value of x is a solution to the equation $x^3 + Ax^2 + Bx + 18 = 0,$ find the value of A and the value of B. [2]

- 10 The Open Electricity Market is an initiative by the Energy Market Authority (EMA) that allows households to buy electricity from a retailer of their choice to benefit from their competitive pricing or continue to buy from SP Group at the regulated tariff rate, which is reviewed every quarter. There are two types of standard price plans:
 - Fixed Price Plans are for consumers who prefer a constant electricity rate throughout
 the contract duration. The rate may be higher or lower than the regulated tariff rate
 during the contract duration.
 - Discount off the Regulated Tariff Plans provide a fixed discount off the regulated tariff rate, but the electricity rates will change when the regulated tariff rates changes every quarter.

Jimmy is reviewing some price plans of two retailers. He stays in a private condominium and a part of his utilities bills is given below.



(a) Calculate the mean value of the electricity usage over the 6 months. Explain why this mean may not be an appropriate average to assist Jimmy in reviewing his options.

[2]

- (b) The fact sheets of two of the retailers are shown in the INSERT.
 - The electricity retailers charge a fee if you terminate the contract before its (i) expiry date. If Jimmy signs a 12-Month Fixed Price Plan contract with Sembcorp Power Pte Ltd starting on 1 January 2019 but considers to switch over to iSwitch Pte Ltd from 1 March 2019 onwards, calculate the early termination charge that he as to pay.

Jimmy forgets to pay his bill for the electricity usage in the month of February (ii) 2019 before the payment due date in March. Considering a 12-Month Fixed Price Plan contract, which company imposes a higher late payment charge? [2] Justify your answer and show your calculations clearly.

[2]

(iii) By considering the period of 1 January to 28 February 2019, suggest the plan in iSwitch Pte Ltd that Jimmy should choose. Justify your suggestion and show your calculations clearly.[4]

END OF PAPER

INSERT FOR QUESTION 10

The fact sheets of two of the retailers are shown below. All fees and charges stated in these fact sheets are inclusive of Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Name of retailer	iSwitch Pte Ltd	
Price Plan	'Chope' the Rate (12 Months)	Super Saver Discount (12 Months)
Electricity Rate	17.62 cents/kWh	22.80% off the regulated tariff
Late Payment Charge	1% of the outstanding amount per month	
Early Termination Charge	 \$100 if terminated within 3 days from sign-up 30% of months left × average of latest 2 months bill if terminated after 3 days from sign-up 	

Name of retailer	Sembcorp Power Pte Ltd		
Price Plan	12-Month Fixed Price Plan	12-Month Discount off Regulated Tariff Plan	
Electricity Rate	18.65 cents/kWh	20.50% off the regulated tariff	
Late Payment Charge	\$5.35 per bill		
Early Termination	Termination Rate × Unexpired Months		
Charge	Termination Rate per month: HDB 1-Room \$10.70 / HDB 2-Room \$16.05 /		
	HDB 3-Room \$21.40 / HDB 4-Room \$32.10 /		
	HDB 5-Room \$37.45 /		
	HDB Executive & Private Condominium \$42.80 /		
	Terrace \$74.90 / Semi-Detached \$101.65 / Bungalow \$214		

(Adapted from source: https://www.ema.gov.sg/openelectricitymarket.aspx)

The historical electricity tariff rate of SP Group is shown below.

SP Group I Rates (cents	Electricity To kWh) are ex	ariff xclusive of 7	7% Goods and	l Services Tax	x (GST)
January 2018	April 2018	July 2018	October 2018	January 2019	April 2019
21.56	22.15	23.65	24.13	21.85	22.79

(Adapted from source: https://www.spgroup.com.sg)

AMKSS MID YEAR EXAMINATION 2019

4E/5N ELEMENTARY MATHEMATICS PAPER I

NO	SOLUTIONS	MARKS
a	x + 7 - x(2 - 3x)	
	$= x + 7 - 2x + 3x^2$	MI
	$=3x^2-x+7$	At
lb	4ax + 12a - x - 3	
	=4a(x+3)-(x+3)	MI
	$= (4\alpha - 1)(x + 3)$	Al
	Misleading feature: Chocolate and Almond flavours have equal percentage but the size of the sectors on the pie chart do not look equal. Effect of this feature on the graph It mislead readers into believing that Chocolate	ВІ
	cookies is selling better than Almond cookies.	B1
OR	Misleading feature: The title is biased.	В1
	Effect of this feature on the graph It does not allow readers to make their own judgement.	ВІ
3a	XOY	Bl
3bi	E A 5 1 3 2 9 4 3	BI
3bii	4, 8	B1
4a	$x^{2}-2x-2$ $=x^{2}-2x+1-2-1$ $=(x-1)^{2}-3$	B2

1 ₄ b	-0.733 <i>O</i> 2/73 x	BI for cintercepts XX BI fory intercept and correct shape.
5	1550×81.7339×1.018	мі — —
	=¥128967.92	Al
6	$\frac{4}{3-x} + \frac{1}{x^3 - 3x}$ $= \frac{-4}{x - 3} + \frac{1}{x(x - 3)}$ $= \frac{1 - 4x}{x(x - 3)} \text{or} \frac{4x - 1}{x(3 - x)}$	
7a	5×0.6 = 3 km	Bt
7b	$ 1 cm2: 25 km2 $ $ \frac{5}{25} $ $ = 0.2 km2 $	MI A1
8	$28 + (60 \times 20 \times 0.035) + (60 \times 6 \times 0.1)$ = 28 + 42 + 36 = \$106	MI AI
9	$\frac{A_{y}}{A_{x}} = \frac{4}{1} = \left(\frac{2}{1}\right)^{3}$ $\frac{V_{y}}{V_{x}} = \left(\frac{2}{1}\right)^{3} = \frac{8}{1}$ $V_{y} = 8 \times 512 = 4096 \text{ cm}^{3}$	MI MI AI
10a	$PR = \frac{28 \times 2}{7} = 8 \text{ units}$ $R = (0, -3)$	MI AI
10ь	Gradient = $\frac{3}{7}$ $y = \frac{3}{7}x - 3$	M1 A1

11	1.3×0.8 = 1.04 % change = 104 - 100 = 4%	MI AI
l 2a	2' ×3' ×5 Accept 2×2×2×2×3×3×5	B2
126	H.C.F. = 2 < 3° =18	BI
120	$m = 2^{\circ} \times 3^{\circ} \times 5^{\circ} = 1012500$	81
13	$\frac{9}{\sin 42} = \frac{8}{\sin \angle ACB}$ $\sin \angle ACB = \frac{3\sin 42}{9}$ $\angle 4CB = 36.49714719 = 36.5^{\circ}$	MI AI
14	Area of sector $OCB = \frac{1}{2} \times 10^{2} \times 1.2 = 60 \text{ cm}^{2}$ $\angle CAD = \frac{1.2}{2} = 0.6 \text{ rad}$ Area of sector $ACD = \frac{1}{2} \times 16^{2} \times 0.6 = 76.8 \text{ cm}^{2}$	MI
	$\Delta OAC = \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 6 \times \sin 0.6 = 45.17139787 \text{ cm}^2 / \frac{1}{45} \text{ M}$ $OCD = \text{sector } ACD - \Delta OAC = 31.62860213 \text{ cm}^2$ Shaded area = sector $OCB - OCD$ $= 28.37139787 = 28.4 \text{ cm}^2 / 34.37$	
15ai	30	Bl
l Saii	36 - 23 = 13	MI Al
15b	33 (± 1)	BI
16a	630	Bl
166	$\frac{n(n+1)}{2} = 1378$ $n^{2} + n - 2756 = 0$ $(n+53)(n-52) = 0$ $n = -33 \text{ or } 52$ $n = 52$	MI Al or Bl
16c	$T = (1 + 2 + 3 + + 99) + 99(100)$ $= \frac{99(99 + 1)}{2} + 9900$ $= 14850$	MI



16d	P = 2(1+2+3++50)	мі
	$=2\times\left(\frac{50\times51}{2}\right)$	
	= 2550	Al
16e	$\frac{100(101)}{2} - 2550 = 2500$	B1
17a	0.1	Bl
l 7bi	0.015 Accept 3/200	BI
l 7bii	$0.9 \times 0.15 \times 0.85 = 0.11475$ Accept $\frac{459}{4000}$	ВІ
17c(i)	$(0.9)^3 = 0.729$ Accept $\frac{729}{1000}$	Ві
17 d c()	1-0.729 = 0.271 Accept 1000	ВІ
18a	$\sqrt{4^2 + (-5)^2} = 6.403124237$ $= 6.40 (3st)$	ВІ
18b	$\overrightarrow{BC} = \overrightarrow{OC} - \overrightarrow{OB}$	
	$\overrightarrow{OC} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$	мі
	C=(2,2)	AL
19a	$x = \frac{56 + 64}{2} = 60$	ВІ
	$y = \frac{72 + 76}{2} = 74$	Bl
19b	60	Bl
20	$R^2 = (10 - R)^2 + 5^2$	MI
	$R^2 = 100 - 20R + R^2 + 25$	MI
	20R = 125 R = 6.25	AI

21ai	$\left(x^{ij}y\right)' = \frac{x^{ij}}{y^i}$	BI
21aii	$\frac{18x^{\frac{1}{2}}}{4\sqrt{x}} = \frac{18x^{\frac{1}{2}}}{\frac{1}{4}x^{\frac{1}{2}}}$	M1 for rewriting 1s fractional index
	$=\frac{9}{\frac{1}{2e^{\frac{2}{3}}}}$	At
21b	$2^{\{c,1\}} = 3^{\{c,1\}}$ $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{\{c,n\}} = 1$	MI
	$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix}^{\delta x - 1} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix}^0$ $\delta x - 1 = 0$ $x = \frac{1}{5}$	Al
22a	QR = TS (regular polygon) RS is common $\angle QRS = \angle TSR$ (interior \angle of regular polygon)	Mt
	$\Delta QRS = \Delta TSR$ (SAS)	мі
22bi	$n = \frac{360}{30} = 12$	Bt
22bii	interior $\angle = 130 - 30 = 150$ $\angle RIS = \frac{130 - 150}{2} = 15^{\circ} \text{ (base } \angle s \text{ of isos } \Delta\text{)}$	MI AI
22biii	Sum of interior $\angle s$ of PQRST = $(5-2) \times 180 = 540^{\circ}$ $\angle QPT = \frac{540-3(150)}{2} = 45^{\circ}$	MI AI
OR	$\angle AQS = 15 + 30 = 45^{\circ}$ $\angle QPT = \angle AQS = 45^{\circ}$ (corresponding $\angle s$)	* must state corresponding ∠s

\



Solutions to 4F FM P2 2019

Qn	Solutions	Marks
ł ai	$y + z = \frac{4y - 6z}{7z}$ $2 - 1 = \frac{8 + 6}{7z}$ $1 = \frac{14}{7z}$ $7z = 14$ $z = 2$	BI
t nii	$y + z = \frac{4y - 6z}{7x}$ $7xy + 7xz = 4y - 6z$ $7xz + 6z = 4y - 7xy$ $z(7x + 6) = 4y - 7xy$ $z = \frac{4y - 7xy}{7x + 6}$	MI for expansion
16	$\frac{2a-1}{3} + \frac{a-2}{4} = 2$ $\frac{4(2a+1)+3(a-2)}{12} = 2$ $3a-4-3a-6=24$ $11a-2=24$ $11a=26$ $a=2\frac{4}{11}$	MI for single fraction
lc	$\times 5.20p + 15q = 10 (1)$ $\times 4.20p - 16q = 196 (2)$ (1) - (2), 31q = -186 q = -6 p = 5	MI for 20p or 12q for both eq Al
ld	$\frac{4h^2 - 36}{4h^2 - 5h - 21}$ $= \frac{4(h+3)(h-3)}{(4h+7)(h-3)}$ $= \frac{4(h+3)}{4h+7} = \frac{3(h+6)}{4h+7} = \frac{7(h+7)}{4h+7}$	Mi factorise numerator Mi factorise denominator

-2a + 6b	BL
OB = OX + XB $= 6b + 3(-2a + 6b)$	MI for triangle law
	AI
AY = AO + OY $= -2a + (6b - 2b)$ $= -2a + 8b$	M1 for triangle law
$ \begin{array}{l} \overrightarrow{OB} = -6a + 24b \\ = 3(-2a + 8b) \\ = 3AY \\ \overrightarrow{OB} \text{ is parallel to } AY \text{ and } OB = 3AY \end{array} $	I mark for poor presentation MI for vector expression
	Al for both facts
$D = \begin{pmatrix} 180 & 240 \\ 90 & 150 \\ 240 & 300 \end{pmatrix}$	ВІ
C = (2 1.8 1.4)	Bt
Q = (2 1.8 1.4) (180 240) 90 150 240 300)	Мі
	Al
outlet from selling all the pastries in a day.	Bt
$E = \begin{pmatrix} 22 & 0 \\ 0 & 30 \end{pmatrix}$ $F = \begin{pmatrix} 858 & 1170 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 22 & 0 \\ 0 & 30 \end{pmatrix}$	ВІ
=(18876 35100)	BI

3f	Scheme A: c.51 9.8 × Q = 9.8 × (358 1170) = (773.2 10.55) c.5 = (636.4 936.7 Scheme B: (0.8 × 2 1.8 1.4) 90 150		
	=(786 1074) 240 300)	B1 for the money collected from each outlet for each scheme	
	Scheme B allows both outlets to have a larger amount of money collected from the sale of all pastries.	В1	
4a	ΔFCG or ΔF3.4	31	
4b	$\angle OEF = 90^{\circ} \text{ (rad } \perp \text{ tan)}$ $\angle ABF = 90^{\circ} \text{ (angle in a square)}$ $\angle OEF = \angle ABF$ $\angle F \text{ is common.}$ $\angle EOF = \angle BAF \text{ (}\angle \text{ sum of } \Delta \text{)}$ Since all corresponding angles are equal, $\triangle OEF$ is similar to $\triangle ABF$.	Mt, Mt for each angle	
4c	$\frac{EF}{8F} = \frac{OE}{AB}$ $\frac{EF}{12+4} = \frac{6}{12}$ $EF = 8 cm$	MI	
4di	Triangles share same height. $\frac{4}{12} = \frac{1}{3}$	ВІ	
4dii	$\frac{Area \Delta OEF}{Area \Delta ABF} = \left(\frac{OE}{AB}\right)^t = \left(\frac{6}{12}\right)^t = \frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{Area \Delta OEF}{Area ABOE} = \frac{1}{3}$	MI Al or B2	
5a	$\begin{aligned} & \text{Xavier} - xt \text{ m} \\ & \text{Yves} - (x + 3)t \text{ m} \end{aligned}$	B1 B1	
5b	xt + (x+3)t = 400 $xt + xt + 3t = 400$ $2xt + 3t = 400$ $t(2x + 3) = 400$	M1 equate sum of distances to 400 and expand	

5c	Yves – xT m			
	Zed - (x-1)Tm			
	xT + (x-1)T = 400	1		
	xT + xT - T = 400			
	$T = \frac{400}{2x - 1}$	BI		
		81		
5d	T-t=20			
	$\frac{400}{2x-1} - \frac{400}{2x+3} = 20$	M1 for correct difference		
		of time		
	$\frac{400(2x+3)-400(2x-1)}{(2x-1)(2x+3)}=20$	M1 for single fraction		
		and the second section of the second second		
	$\frac{800x + 1200 - 800x + 400}{4x^2 + 6x - 2x - 3} = 20$			
	$1600 = 20(4x^2 + 4x - 3)$	M1 for expansion and		
	$1600 = 80x^2 + 80x - 60$	cross multiply		
	$80x^2 + 80x - 1660 = 0$			
	$+20,4x^2+4x-83=0$			
5e	$x = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 + 1328}}{8} = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{1344}}{8}$	MI		
	8 8 8			
	= 4.082575695 or -5.082575695	A1. A1 for each answer		
	= 4.08 or -5.08	ALL ALL TOU GOOD MISSION		
5€	400			
	4.082575695	1		
	= 97.97736279	BI		
	= 98.0 <i>s</i>			
6a	$AC^2 = 23^1 + 35^1 - 2(23)(35)\cos 42^4$	MI		
	= 557.536831	MI		
	AC = 23.61221783 = 23.6m	Al		
6b	8			
	$\tan \theta = \frac{8}{AC}$	MI		
	8 1971677775 1971	AL		
	$\theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{8}{23.61221783} = 18.71677335 = 18.7$	Ai		
6c	Area = $\frac{1}{2}$ (23)(35) sin 42°	MI		
	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1		
	= 269.3250691 = 269 m	Al		
6d	Area of triangle ABC = Area of triangle ABD			
	$269.3250691 = \frac{1}{2} \times 35 \times d$	MI		
		A1		
	d = 15.39000395 = 15.4m	l Ai		

бе	Top \pm Bottom Areas = $2 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 15.39000395 \times (17 + 35) = 300.2802052m^2$	мі	
	Vertical sides = (20+17+23+35)×8 = 760m ² Total surface area = 1560,280,2052 = 1560 m ²	MI	
_		Al	
7a	$\angle BXZ = 4T$ (angles in same segment) $\angle BZA = 90$ (angle in semi-circle) $\angle BZY = 130 - 90$ (angles on a straight line) $\angle BZX = 180 - 47 - 90 - 23 = 20$ (angle sum of Δ)	MI Minus I mark if any above reasons missing	
7bi	109" (corresponding angle)	Minus I mark from entire qn if any underlined reasons missing B1	
7bii	$\frac{130-114}{2} = 33^{\circ} \text{ (} \underline{\text{EF}} = \text{FG as sides of rhombus and base}$ $\underline{\text{angles of isosceles (riangle)}}$	Mt A!	
7biii	$\angle EBM = 130 - 109 = 71^{\circ}$ (interior angles) $\angle EMB = 130 - 71 - 33 = 76^{\circ}$ (angle sum of Δ)	MI Al	
3ai	3, 6, 6, 3, 3, 11	B1 for any 3 B1 for next 3	
3aii	$\frac{6}{16} = \frac{3}{8}$	ВІ	
Saiii	$\frac{6}{16} = \frac{3}{8}$	81	
8aiv	$\frac{14}{16} = \frac{7}{8}$	81	
8bi	89 - 43 = 46	BI	
8bii	60	Bt	
Sbiii	$\frac{1}{23} \times 100\% = 4.34\%$	BI	
8biv	Add 2 points across all score => median increased by 2 or median changed to 62.	В1	
8bv	11.46062545=11.5 (3sf)	B2	
8bvi	The group with the lower standard deviation of 7.96 points has players with more consistent scores.	ВІ	
9a	a = 3.5	Bl	
9b	Refer to graph (3m)		
9¢	x = 1.4 and 5.7 (accept 1.3 to 1.5 and 5.6 to 5.8) (calculator 1.399 and 5.73)	B1 each	

9d	Refer to graph (1m) —7.0	1500	
	Gradient = $\frac{4.2 - 17.5}{2.2 - 0.8} = -9.57$ (accepted to 11)	Al	
	2.2 -0.8		
	(calculator -8.667)		
9e	Refer to graph (lm)		
9ei	x = 1.45 (accept 1.35 to 1.55)	Al	
9eii	(calculator 1.45)		
9eu	$x + 10 = 2x + \frac{18}{x^2}$	M1 for sub eq	
_	$x^1 + 10x^2 = 2x^1 + 18$		
	$0 = x^3 - 10x^2 + 18$		
	A = -10, B = 0	At for both answer	
10a		Al	
	Mean = $\frac{538 + 611 + 613 + 287 + 472 + 698}{6} = 536.5 \text{ kWh}$		
	270 g		
	There is an extreme lower value in Dec as compared to the	AI	
	other 5 months' figures so this will make the mean value	AI	
10bi	inaccurate. 42.80×10	MI	
1001	= \$42.8	Al	
10bii	Feb - 698 kWh		
TOOL	iSwitch:		
	17.62 × 698 × 1		
	100 × 100	10000 10000 1000	
	=\$1.23	MI to cale iSwitch	
	Sembcorp:		
3	\$5.35	A1 for correct comparison	
	Sembcorp is more expensive		
10biii	Usage = 1170 kWh		
	Chope the rate:		
	$\frac{17.62 \times 1170}{100} = 206.15	MI for fixed rate	
	100		
	Super Saver Discount:		
	$\frac{100 - 22.80}{100} \times \frac{21.85}{100} \times 1170 = 197.35794	M1 for discount off	
	Add 7% GST = 1.07 < \$197.35794 = \$211.17	M1 to include GST	
	He should choose the fixed rate Chope the rate scheme as	Al only for correct	
	it is cheaper and he can save \$5.05	At only for correct	

